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The News

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VOL 9. NO. 3 RED DEER, ALBERTA, FEBRUARY 12th, 1913. Subscription $1.00 per year

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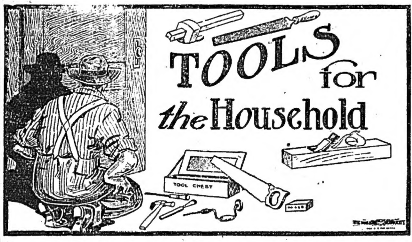

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ROSS STREET RED DEER

MR. MICHENER INTERVIEWED

"Sifton Government Should Be Dismissed At Once" Says The Leader of The Opposition.

E. Michener, M.P.P. for Red Deer, and leader of the Conservative opposition, returned from California Thursday and was interviewed by a Herald reporter. He expressed pleasure on being once more at home, although the change from 90 in the shade to below zero was somewhat noticeable.

Mr. Michener has been in southern California for about two months and appears to be benefitted very much in health. He is looking exceptionally well and fitter than ever for the fight which his party is waging for clean and efficient government.

"I suppose, Mr. Michener," queried the reporter, "that you have heard the decision of the privy council in the A. & G. W. matter?"

"Yes," replied the leader of the opposition, "I got the news some days ago in Vancouver.

GRAVE SITUATION.

"What is your opinion as to the effect of this decision upon the province?"

"The province of Alberta is face to face with a very grave situation. We are loaded to the hilt with enormous indebtedness without any provision whatever, by way of a sinking fund or otherwise, for repayment, and with our credit vastly impaired."

"What is the provincial indebtedness," Mr. Michener?"

"Approximately $15,000,000 in addition to which there will be the losses incurred in connection with the A. & G. W. These losses will doubtless be very great. There is the differential interest charges, the cost of litigation, and the damage claims. In addition to these, the decision of the privy counsel throws the whole matter back again to where it was before, and no one can foresee what the losses will be before the matter is finally settled.

GREAT MORAL LOSS.

"However serious as are the financial losses, which in any case will be very great, there remains what might be called the moral loss to the province, both in connection with the iniquitous A. & G. W. agreement entered into by the previous government, and in connection with the still more iniquitous confiscatory legislation.

"Incalculable and irreparable harm has been done to the moral standing of the province. Our reputation for honor, integrity and stability as a province is not an enviable one, consequently our financial credit has suffered greatly. No less an authority than J. P. Morgan recently stated that the essential basis of credit in the American republic is character. The most lamentable feature of the whole deplorable situation into which the province has been plunged by the Liberal government, and especially by the Sifton administration, has affected seriously our standing as a province in the eyes of the world. This is evidenced by the fact that the Edmonton, Dunvegan and B.C. railway bonds, even at the low price of 92, were only subscribed to the extent of two and a half per cent., while at the same time $2,000,000 worth of bonds of the old city of Quebec were oversubscribed. This incident in itself proves that our credit is alarmingly impaired."

WHAT IS NECESSARY.

"What do you consider necessary to reestablish the credit of the province?"

"The shortest route is for the people of the province to elect honest and capable business men as their representatives, irrespective of partisnship, then, with the acquisition of our natural resources, a business administration could secure sufficient revenue to create a sinking fund to overtake, in a reasonable time, our huge indebtedness, as well as sufficient revenue to carry on the government of the country successfully."

"Then you think there should be a general election to give the people a chance to be heard."

"Inasmuch as the Sifton administration has never been endorsed by the people there certainly should be a general election. Premier Sifton made the statement on the floor of the house, that he was prepared to stand or fall by his A. & G. W. legislation. If his word is any better than his legislation, his duty is plain.

FRYING PAN TO FIRE.

"The first Liberal administration put the province into the frying pan, and the present administration has put it into the fire. The Liberal governments since the last general election have been discredited, one by the A. & G. W. investigation, and the other by the decision of the privy council.

"If the most important thing in the present situation is to save the Liberal party, it might be in order for his honor to call upon another Liberal manipulator to supercede Premier Sifton, as he called upon Premier Sifton to supercede Premier Rutherford. But if the important thing is to save the province and to restore public confidence, the sooner the people have a chance to say who will govern, the better. We have had enough of machine politics and party manipulation, and we have had enough iniquitous legislation to ruin any country.

OPPOSITION SOLUTION

"Our solution was to settle with the A. & G. W. company in a fair and businesslike way, and to negotiate with one of the transcontinental companies for the construction of the line, or to build it as a government enterprise, and so make the best of a bad bargain, and at the same time keep faith with the bondholders and the north country. The company, on account of the exposures in the investigation, were willing to make terms with the government, in which case two alternatives were available to the government, either to build the railway by one of the transcontinental companies, or as a government undertaking. In this way the government could have kept faith with the bond holders and could have preserved the honor and dignity of the province. Had the government followed this course we would have avoided the impairment of our credit, our loss of honor and the financial losses incident to litigation.

"There is but one remedy for the present chaos and that is a business administration of honest and competent men."

BERNARD CLUTTERBUCK INSTANTLY KILLED

Sad Shooting Fatality in North Red Deer

A very sad shooting fatality occurred in North Red Deer on Saturday morning last at the home of Ms. Clutterbuck, whereby his youngest son, Bernard, aged thirteen years, lost his life. Mr. Clutterbuck left for England on Thursday last to visit his mother, who is ill, and to wind up the affairs of his father who had recently died. Mrs. Clutteebuck remained in North Red Deer with the two boys, Laurence, fifteen years old, and Bernard, thirteen. It appears that Mrs. Clutterback was out nursing, and the boys were left at home alone, and apparently took advantage of their parent's absence to have loaded firearms in the house. They had been to the picture show on Friday evening with a chum, Charlie Alford, calling at his home on the way back to North Red Deer to get a revolver for rabbit shooting on Saturday. The three boys, after getting the revolver, returned to the Clutterbuck home about ten o'clock, and retired to bed about 11.30 p.m., putting the revolvers under their pillows. Laurence, the eldest boy, got up first on Saturday morning, about nine o'clock, and lighted the fires. The other two boys got up a little later, carrying their clothes into the kitchen to dress by the heater. Laurence had two revolvers in his hands, and on Bernard asking him for one, he pointed both guns at him; a bang was heard, and the little fellow fell dead, shot through the breast, the bullet having pierced both lungs and the heart. He was in a stooping position, apparently in the act of pulling up his trousers. Laurence then ran for Mrs. Bennett, a near neighbor, who did what she could, and then for his mother, afterwards phoninh for Dr. McKenzie, who arrived about ten o'clock. Dr. McKenzie, on examination, found the boy was dead. The post mortem disclosed the fact that death must have been instantaneous. The inquest was an open one, held in the police court, on Monday, February 10th, lasting from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. The jury were absent quite a long time, eventually bringing in the following verdict, which the coroner concurred with:

We believe that Bernard Clutterbuck came to his death on Saturday morning, Februasy 8th, at the house of his father in North Red Deer, from hemorhage and shock, caused by the passage of a bullet from a 38 caliber revolver, held in the hands of his brother Laurence, tearing a passage through the heart and both lungs. We believe his death was an accident caused through the culpable negligence of his brother Laurence Clutterbuck.

The members of the jury wished the coroner to express their sincere sympaty to the parents in their troubles.

At the conclusion of the inquest on Bernard Clutterbuck, on Monday evening, Coroner George issued a warrant for the arrest of Laurence Clutterbuck for manslaughter. Mr. Bennett, a friend of the family, called in the assistance of Crown Prosecutor Russell, who phoned the Dep. Attorney-General about the matter. The Dep. Attorney-General instructed the police to dismiss the boy, on the grounds that the coroner had no right to make out the warrant. The coroner acted according to his printed instructions. However, on Tuesday the boy was charged by the police before Justice Wallace with manslaughter. After hearing some facts of the case, Justice Wallace bound the accused over to appear when called upon in a sum of $2,000 for himself and Mr. Bennett. In the meantime the Attorney-General will have the facts of the case as brought out at the inquest, and the jury's verdict placed before him, and will act accordingly.

Muddle In North Red Deer Affairs

At a meeting of the North Red Deer Council on Thursday night, the 6th inst., all the members being present, J. Edward Welton was unanimously elected as clerk of the village, and was given verbal notice of his appointment by the chairman. It has since been claimed that this meeting was not properly called and the proceedings consequently illegal. However, a special meeting of the Council has been properly called for Friday evening next, at which it it hoped this matter may be settled finally.

It is about time the affairs of the village were settling down for the work of 1913. Bert Griffith has taken steps to unseat Councillor Kent and the matter will be before the Judge on Monday next. Mr. Clutterbuck was himself an applicant for the re-appointment as clerk, and it is unfortunate that he was obliged to leave for England at noon the day of the meeting at which the appointment was made, leaving books combination of safe, etc., in the sole charge of a friend, Mr. Bennett, who up to yesterday, refused to hand them over to the Council. This now appears to be settled and Mr. Welton is acting secretary until Friday night.

Read Hadley & Webb's ad., and profit from their long years of experience.

Banquet to Mr. W. L. Gibson

The Windsor Hotel was the scene of a very enjoyable banquet tendered to Mr. W. L. Gibson on the eve of his departure from Red Deer to take up his new post in Calgary. The guests, numbering some thirty, seated themselves around the festive board about nine o'clock, with Mr. G. W. Greene in the chair.

Full justice was done to Mine Host Steve Wilson's sumptuous repast. At the conclusion of the feast the following toasts were given -

The King.

Our Town—Replied to by Mayor Galbraith and Ex-Mayor Welliver.

Our Financial Institutions—Mr. Gillespie, Mr. Hacking, Mr. Campbell, Mr. Hynde, Mr. Whitehouse.

The Army and Navy—Mr. J. C. Moore.

The Learned Professions—Given by Mr. Simpson; Replied by Mr. Quiggf

Our Guest—Mr. Gibson.

All the speakers regretted the loss the Town was sustaining in Mr. Gibson's departure and congratulated Calgary on gaining such an acquisition.

During his five years stay with us he has made himself very popular, both socially, in sport and in business. In replying to the toast of "Our Guest," which was taken with musical (?) honors, Mr. Gibson, who seemed much moved by his reception, spoke very feelingly of the good times he had had in Red Deer and was very sorry to leave. But, he said, he was not going very far away, and he intended running up to see his friends in Red Deer whenever he got time.

The Death of Mrs. T. J. Kelly

A wide circle of friends will learn with regret of the death of Mrs. T. J. Kelly in her sixty-fourth year which took place at the home of her sister, Mrs. Walker, Harpers Ferry, Iowa, on Wednesday, January 22nd. The deceased had been suffering for some time, but was not confined to her bed until October last. Early in December she was taken to a hospital in St. Paul, Minn., and from there she was removed to two other hospitals, but, in spite of all that was done for her, death came as a release to her suffering. Besides many friends and relatives, the deceased leaves, to mourn her loss, a husband and three small children. Much sympathy is extended to the bereaved ones.

Mr. T. J. Kelly wishes to extend his sincere thanks to his many friends and neighbors for their many acts of kindness during the illness of his late wife.

N. WHITE

Auctioneer

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Farmers who intend having an Auction Sale this winter would do well to put in their list early and get advantrge of my wide advertising.

SALES BOOKED

R. Tarzwell, Wednesday, February 26th, 1913, at Willowdale, 12 miles S.E. of Red Deer and 2 mls. North of Edwell, on the old George Craig Farm, The whole of his live and dead farming stock.

Gust Dahlgren, Saturday, March 1st, 1913, S. W. Qr. 10, 38, 3, W. of 5th, 3 miles W. and 1 mile S. of Evarts Store. The whole of his live and dead farming stock.

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CYNTHIA'S CHAUFFEUR

By LOUIS TRACY

A New and Exciting Love Story for Young and Old.

(Continued from last week)

[illegible]

a minute [illegible] to a shilling [illegible] days and a half?"

[illegible] this [illegible] today [illegible] give [illegible]

make a few inquiries. To save any further [illegible] with me to Symonds Yat [illegible]

[illegible] that [illegible] occupied a room in the [illegible] across the street [illegible] afternoon [illegible] Frenchman was travelling [illegible] by the same train [illegible] Medenham [illegible] really [illegible] It was inconceivable [illegible] have allowed [illegible] a [illegible] agencies as [illegible] of Pershore [illegible]

"I'll write," he vowed, "and [illegible] pretty stiff [illegible] if I'll wire [illegible] shown more confidence [illegible] on earth [illegible] to Bristol [illegible] Hereford today [illegible] there [illegible] Good Lord! [illegible] than [illegible]

Yet [illegible] of the [illegible] that morning. He was [illegible] son [illegible] was too [illegible] to [illegible] beat [illegible] they would have reached Symonds [illegible] the [illegible] would have been [illegible] As it was [illegible] it was [illegible] to be [illegible] the Middle Ages that [illegible] akin to medieval romance.

CHAPTER XI

The Parting of the Ways

When he came to think of it, Medenham [illegible] at once [illegible] ever [illegible] the Earl's [illegible] Dale [illegible] of lineage [illegible] his [illegible] the office another [illegible]

telegram [illegible] The handwriting was his [illegible] to secure it without [illegible] quite reasonable suspicion [illegible] the best course.

"[illegible] I take that too," he [illegible]

[illegible] your [illegible] the bookkeeper.

"Yes."

[illegible] letter was seized, since [illegible] of an [illegible] Miss Vanrenen's [illegible] that some sort [illegible] between him and [illegible]

[illegible] sat in his car outside and read:

"My Dear [illegible], If this reaches [illegible] chase me by return to town at once. Your aunt is [illegible] and [illegible] I see no [illegible] since I am sure that you [illegible] Hereford before we meet.

Yours ever,

F."

"[illegible] myself being very [illegible]" he growled in the first [illegible] of resentment against the [illegible]

But [illegible] soon [illegible] It's [illegible] on Lady St. Maur's [illegible] amazement when she [illegible] Cynthia. He could estimate with some degree of precision her ladyship's views regarding the eighty millions of citizens of the United States; had he not said in his hearing that "American society was evidently quite English—but with the head cut off"?

That [illegible] comment [illegible] Thousand and Four hundred [illegible] Still [illegible] expenses for her [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] were raising [illegible] than ever [illegible] at [illegible] and [illegible]

[illegible] fifty yards or [illegible]

"You see those boys?" he said.

"Yes, my lord, but they're only having [illegible]"

"Nothing of the sort. Skip along and ask them if they have found out the answer. [illegible] say 'a day and five twelfths' [illegible] a shilling each. Any other reply will be wrong. Don't talk [illegible] there and back [illegible] on a day and five twelfths."

[illegible] ran. Soon was back in his seat again.

"I gave 'em a bob each, my lord, [illegible]"

While they were running slowly down the [illegible] to [illegible] sure of his [illegible] reference to [illegible]

[illegible] left no room for [illegible]

[illegible]

... were forthcoming in [illegible] in a rack among [illegible] refill the petrol tank on the [illegible]

(To be Continued)

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Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land Regulations.

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quater section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for the district. Entry by proxy maybe made at any agency, on certain conditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties.—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties.—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties.—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

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E Y E S

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H. H. Humber

OPTICIAN

Graduate of Chicago Opthalmic College

Gaetz Ave. - RED DEER

Nine Months Credit Auction Sale

Having instructions from Mr. S. T. Johnson, of Sylvan Lake, I will sell at his farm, the N.W. Quarter, 31-38-1, W. of 5th, 2 miles west of Sylvan Lake, and half mile south of the township line, on range line, on THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1913. All his live stock, implements and household furniture, as follows:

HORSES—

Grade stallion, 9 years, about 1600 lbs.; black mare, 9 years, about 1450 lbs.

One good milk cow.

IMPLEMENTS—

Concord buggy, new last spring; set of Chatham bob sleighs; Wisner fanning mill, never been used; breaking plow; set of 3-section drag harrows; Massey-Harris disc; cutter; 2 new buggy tops; hay rack; 12-guage Marlin shot gun; .22 rifle; 4 log chains, and a lot of other small articles.

HARNESS—

Set heavy brass mounted breeching harness; set of driving harness; stock saddle and chaps; 2 half sets work harness.

GRAIN AND HAY—

200 bush. oats, fit for seed; 75 bush. fall wheat; 6 tons timothy hay.

FURNITURE—

Nice brass bed, springs and mattresses; mahogany dresser; mahogany centre table; iron bed and springs; 2 mattresses; Binger sewing machine; leather rocker; knitting machine; globe lamp; linoleum, 12 x 14 feet; Empress range, only used four months; 3 cook stoves; heater; 2 hardwood kitchen tables; 3 dining room chairs; 5 kitchen chairs; 2 small kitchen tables; infant's high chair; washing machine; tubs; wash boiler; washboard; 2 wooden bedsteads; all kinds of cooking utensils and dishes, and a lot of other useful articles.

TERMS: All sums of $25 and under will be cash; over that amount a credit of 9 months will be given purchaser furnishing approved joint bankable note with 8 per cent. interest from date of sale. Five per cent. discount on sums over $25 for cash.

S. T. JOHNSON,
Owner and Proprietor.
A. ROGERS, Auctioneer.
E. GRIMSON, Clerk.

Feb. 12, 1w.

Nine Months Credit Auction Sale

Favored with instructions by Mr. Fred E. Loose, I will sell at public auction at his farm, the S.E. quarter 4-39-27, W. 4th Meridian, 3 miles north of Red Deer, half-mile east of the Cross Roads, on TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 18th, 1913. All his live stock, iimplements and household furniture, as follows:

HORSES, Etc.—

Team bay geldings, 10 and 11 yrs. old, about 2600 lbs.; team grey mares, 4 and 5 years, about 2460 lbs.; bay gelding, 10 years, about 1250 lbs.; grey saddle pony.

HOGS AND FOWLS—

23 nice young shoats, will weigh from 40 to 90 lbs.; 4 dozen chickens; 1 pair ducks.

IMPLEMENTS—

2 wagons, buggy, nice cutter, set bob sleighs, McCormick binder, 2 Frost & Wood mowers, one of them new; hay rake, 16 16- Deering disc, new; 2 sets drag harrows, sulky plow, stubble plow, breaking plow, potato cultivator, new; set of scales, capacity 2000 lbs.; wheelbarrow, hay rack, flat rack, Capitol cream separator, grindstone, sickle grinder, log chains, binder twine, cow chains, scythes, shovels, forks, and other small articles too numerous to mention.

HARNESS, Etc.—

2 sets heavy team harness; set plow harness; set single driving harness. 2 12-guage shot guns; 2 rifles.

HAY AND GRAIN—

Now is your chance to get some first-class seed oats. 800 bush. new White Banner oats, all of which are thoroughly cleaned; 800 bush. feed oats; 150 bush. seed barley, 2-rowed; 100 bush. Preston seed wheat; 100 lbs. timothy seed; 200 bush. potatoes; about 7 tons of choice timothy hay; about 10 tons of choice wild hay; 2 stacks of oat straw.

FURNITURE—

Dominion organ, piano case, centre table, 8-foot extension table, 2 couches, 3 iron beds, kitchen chairs, rocker, leather arm chair, 2 stoves, curtains, blinds, all kinds of dishes, and a lot of other small articles.

TERMS: All sums of $20 and under will be cash; over that amount a credit of 9 months will be given purchaser furnishing approved joint bankable note with 8 per cent. interest from date of sale. Five per cent. discount on sums over $20 for cash. Nothing to be removed from premises until settled for.

Sale at 11 o'clock. Lunch at noon.

FRED. E. LOSSE, Owner.
A. ROGERS, Auctioneer.
JAMES JARVIS, Clerk.

Feb. 12, 1w.

Red Deer Creamery Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Red Deer Butter and Cheese Manufacturing Association was held in the board room at the creamery on Thursday, January 16, 1913.

There was a large number of shareholders present, much interest being taken in the past year's work. President Jas. Comer occupied the chair, with E. Carswell as Secretary.

The President opened the meeting with an account of the year's work. To hold the patrons, it was necessary to enter more vigorously into the milk and sweet cream end of the business, and a milk business had been purchased. 35,085 pounds of butter was made, 33,130 pounds being sold through the Department of Agriculture, and the balance sold locally.

After the President's address had been discussed, the balance sheet of the Association was read by the Secretary and accepted by the meeting. Some discussion followed as to why no dividend had been declared, and the directors showed that such a step would have been unwise, on account of the expense entailed by the purchase of the local milk route, and the plant necessary to conduct an up-to-date retail milk business. This plant was now paid for, and the association stood in a good position to do business this coming year.

That the business of the past year has been a good one for the patrons is shown by the prices paid, and amounts received by them. There were 84 patrons supplying cream. The average price paid was 27½ cents per lb., the lowest price being 26 cents, and the highest 32 cents. There was also received locally for milk $4,978.31, and shipped in milk and cream $3,327.92; butter sales being $9,652.96, a total of $17,959.23.

The report of assets and liabilities was then read, showing assets, including building and plant, of $7,282.65, and liabilities, which includes the allotted stock and all indebtedness of $3,695. This report was received and adopted.

A list of those having stock for sale at par was then read by the Secretary, and offers were invited from those present to take up those shares, but without response.

The nomination and election of directors resulted in the re-election of the old board, and later at a meeting of the board J. Comer was elected President, L. Egelkraut Vice-President, E. Carswell, Secretary-Treasurer.

Dollar Barley

As a result of advice in marketing, given him through the Canadian Pacific Railway, Department of Natural Resources, Nick Taitinger, of Claresholm, has been able to sell his 1912 barley crop at a price that will net him full 20 cents per bushel above prevailing market prices and at the same time cetablish a most profitable market for the barley crop of his district.

A short time ago Mr. Taitinger submitted a sample of his two-rowed Chevalier barley to the Agricultural Branch of the Natural Resources Department. The sample, which showed the crop to be of excellent quality, was immediately sent to Hugh Baird & Sons, one of the most famous maltsters in Great Britain. The firm replied that the barley was just the kind they were looking for and offered $1.02 per bushel, which price, after carriage is deducted, nets Mr. Taitinger about 70 cents per bushel.

Mr. Taitinger's crop took the championship at the last Dry Farming Congress and has been in great demand, his neighbors offering 75 to 80 cents per bushel for seed. The whole crop could have been disposed of that price, but Mr. Taitinger is looking to the future of the barley exporting industry of his district. So he divided his crop into two parts, one to export to the maltsters mentioned and the other to sell for seed in his district. Mr. Taitinger expects to be able next year to export a ship load of malting barley to the English firm.

The Agricultural branch of the C. P. R. Department of Natural Resources is at all times willing to help any farmer in the marketing of his crop. All he has to do is to send in a small sample, about eight ounces, of his grain, with the government germination test. The service is absolutely free of charge.

Sport

Scotland defeated France in the Internation rugby match by 23 points to 3. The crowd of 20,000 became incensed at some of the referee's decisions and assaulted him and some of the Scottish players.

The Canadiens and Tecumsehs commenced their hockey game on the 5th under the National Hockey Association rules and finished it under the Marquis of Queensbury rules, the Tecumsehs winning out by 5 to 4. The attention paid by the Canadiens to roughing it instead of looking after the puck was responsible for their defeat.

Bombardier Wells and Luther McCarthy have been matched to box 10 rounds at Madison Suuare Gardens early in April.

HELP AND DOMESTIC S&RVICE.

Arrangements have been made by the Salvation Aemy Immigration Department to bring a large number of immigrants to this province during the present season to engage in farm and domestic service. These people will come from Great Britain and a large number from rural districts accustomed to work on the land. The people who come under the auspices of the Army are of a very desirable **class and of good reputation, being** selected by experienced agents who are familiar with the class of workers Canadian farming conditions call for. The first conducted party of farm habds will sail on the 'Empress of Britain,' Feb. 21st. As there will be a large demand for laborers for railway canstruction this spring, farmers who desire to secure help, married or single, experienced or inexperienced, should at once get in touch with the Army. Write for application forms to the Salvation Army Immigration Officer, 221 Rupert Street, Winnipeg.

STOP THE FIRE WASTE

Important Campaign Launched Looking to the Prevention of Fires

The Canadian Manufacturers' Association inaugurated a Fire Prevention Campaign last month at a meeting in Toronto. The speaker was Mr. Franklin H. Wentworth of Boston, the secretary of the National Fire Protection Association. This is a subject which interests every citizen of Canada. We can all contribute our quota to the efforts being made to reduce the fire loss. Manufacturers are fully alive to the importance of the question and are leaving no stone unturned to reduce the annual waste. The campaign will make for better buildings and cheaper factory products and will minimize the danger of injury and loss of life among all classes.

The Fire Waste in Europe averages 33 cents per capita. In the United States and Canada it averages $3.00 per capita or $30,000 per hour, or $509 per minute.

Who pays this loss? The Insurance Companies? No! They are only the Insurance Tax Collectors.

You wonder why you find it difficult to compete in your protected market with European producers. One reason is that your Insurance Tax is 900% more than that of your European competitor. How can this handicap be overcome? Certainly not by the effort of one thoughtful person in a community of thoughtless people, but by an educational propaganda that will bring home to the mind of every individual that he is being taxed for not only his own but his neighbor's carelessness.

SAVINGS DEPOSITS

Average to Each Depositor Highest in Protected Countries

One of the surest tests of prosperity of a country is the savings bank deposits of its people. Agriculture is the basic industry, and if agricultural conditions are not sound, it will be reflected in the savings of the people.

The following table shows the amount on deposit in the savings banks of Great Britain and foreign countries:

			Per Capita
United King...	1907	$1,048,268,360	$ 84
Austria	1905	1,098,256,165	197
Belguim	1905	155,739,160	68
France	1905-7	974,372,850	79
Italy	1906	616,183,030	92
Netherlands ..	1905	92,551,665	58
Russia	1905	969,694,235	171
Sweden	1906	196,312,455	98
Norway	1906	112,069,30	135
Denmark	1906	231,787,465	171
United States.	1907	3,791,306,835	441

It will be seen that the savings deposits in the United States are more than double those in any other country. Those countries in which the average savings to each depositor exceeds $100 have enjoyed tariff protection to some extent. In the United States, where tariff walls are built high, the average to each depositor in the savings banks was $441. The average in the Netherlands, where the protectionist has had a hard fight and has not always won, is low. While the tariff is not the only consideration in relation to savings, the above figures show that where protection has been stable the average savings has been highest.

BUTTER AND EGGS

Alberta Should and Could be Exporters Instead of Importers

Edmonton claims the distinction of having within its confines the largest creamery in the Dominion of Canada. The Edmonton City Dairy, of which W. W. Prevey is president, reports an output of 1,140,000 pounds of butter for the twelve months ended Oct. 22.

"Several years ago," Mr. Prevey said, "we shipped butter to points in Ontario and Quebec, receiving from 14 to 16 cents a pound in carload lots, but Edmonton has grown so rapidly that we are now obliged to import dairy products. We have brought in 24 cars of 30,000 pounds each in the last year, the bulk of this coming from Minnesota, while a local packing firm has imported 15 cars in 12 months. Our farmers are not producing sufficient eggs and milk to supply half of the demand. We could and should be exporters of these products instead of importers, but we will continue to be the latter until our farmers break away from the single crop idea. We could handle the products of 5,000 additional cows and I believe I am well within the figures when I say there is room for 5,000 additional cows in the Edmonton district, without effecting the present market quotations a penny. We need more cows and more practical dairy farmers; we need men who understand the business, not city chaps who have several thousand dollars and a correspondence school dairy education. There is room for thousands of them in this district which is growing by leaps and bounds. Land for dairy purposes is comparatively cheap and every variety of grasses, including clover and alfalfa, thrives with little care. There is abundant water and cattle can be grazed the major part of the year. Why, more than 1,000,000 cattle could have been fed on the wild hay that went to waste this year."

BASCOM'S EXHIBITION

His Production Proved a Money Winner.

By ARCHIBALD WINFIELD HASTINGS.

"Can he paint?"

"Houses, yes," with a light laugh.

"Pictures?"

"Wait, the exhibition is to come later." Under the deafening clatter of tea cups and chatter of light-hearted voices the conversation was unnoticed, and yet a man's heart and ambition were at stake.

For years Kerle Bascom had aimed to be an artist, but many things had stood in his way, principally the lack of money; but six months before an uncle had died, leaving him and his sister a modest sum, and Kerle had commenced to study art. He had taken lessons, then started off on a sketching trip through the south, for it was then winter. On his return he rented a studio, devoted himself to his art, painting steadily for a week. No one, not even his sister or The Girl had been admitted. Now he was giving a house warming, and behind an embroidered silk curtain was the result of his efforts.

"What's the subject of your picture?" asked the one who thought he might make good on houses. She knew that real estate had formerly been Kerle's business.

"I'm keeping it a secret," he returned gravely, and Gerty, his sister, chimed in:

"Yes, a really and truly secret. Why, not even Dorothy has wormed it out of him," and all the company present realized that if Dorothy Ferrers could not make him tell, no one could, for she was The Girl, a fact which every one, including Dorothy herself, knew very well. As yet Kerle had not had the courage to tell her so, so he did not know whether he was The Man or not.

"Tell us. Put an end to the misery," suggested the young man who had asked if Kerle could paint, and the tea and sandwiches being all consumed, Kerle walked slowly across the floor to the silk curtain. Pausing an instant, the young man viewed the crowd. He saw Dorothy, of course, but was delighted to notice Squires. He was art critic on the Courier, and Kerle felt he needed the good will of those who might not appreciate his artistic efforts. To tell the truth, though, Squires was there because Gerty was. He would have sacrificed himself much more than this for her sake.

There Was Silence—It Was Awful.

"Artist, artist, artist," Dorothy cried, clapping her hands. Kerle flushed crimson, but managed to bow without upsetting anything, and clearing his throat, began:

"Ladies and gentlemen, and honored critic," remembering Squires just in time.

"Charmed," Squires returned, bowing almost to the floor.

Kerle scarcely appreciated the interruption, but did not dare frown, and continued:

"I am glad to meet you there, I would say greet you here, I mean beat you where. Really, I mean you are welcome," and he polished off his face with a paint rag, hastily caught up, thereby decorating his face in a manner more startling than becoming.

"Hear, hear," Squires said in a low, deep tone.

"Yes, you are welcome, I'm welcome, Squires is welcome, and we're all welcome," he managed to get out.

"Let's welcome each other," murmured Squires, and then stopped, touched by Gerty's appealing eyes.

"Yes, of course, we are all welcome," Kerle floundered, but Dorothy helped him out by suggesting:

"Show us the picture."

"To be sure, the picture. I'll show it to you and you'll see then whether or not I'm an artist—if I'm not an orator," and Kerle beamed, flourishing the paint rag.

"Yes?" Squires said in a low, deep tone.

"I am an artist, and while I appreciate the fact I'm no Gibson, or Fisher, or Remington, or something like that, still I know a good thing when I see it, and I've got it."

"Produce the it," Squires suggested.

"I will if you can keep quiet long enough," Kerle cried, forgetting his longing for favorable press notices. "I got my models first hand. I studied two characters and made lots of studies of them. In fact I didn't make sketches of anyone else, I was so interested in them."

"Two models! Oh, the depravity of him!" Squires whispered in a loud aside.

"Yes, I had two. I had to, for I have two figures in my picture. I believe in having a model for each figure. It would not have done to have just one for both, as you will see when I draw the veil."

"Draw a veil over your speech," Squires suggested. Really, he was becoming annoying.

"I call my picture 'A Quiet Gossip,'" Kerle continued, suddenly drawing the curtain.

There was silence, then Dorothy gave a sob. It was awful. The coloring was not bad, Kerle having made a fairly good blend of the primary colors so as to produce the most vivid effects, but the figures were terrible. Gerty saw immediately what a caricature it was, and she strove to save the situation. With a hysterical laugh she sprang forward, saying excitedly:

"Isn't Kerle a dear to plan such a joke for us?" and she tried to convey her meaning to her brother, but he only stood gazing stupidly at them all, wondering at their lack of congratulations.

"They are all jealous," he told himself; but when his sister repeated her sentence, he asked heavily:

"A joke?"

"Of course, a joke. If you keep on you will be our leading carilcaturist, won't he, Horace?" unconsciously calling Squires by his first name.

Before he could gather himself together sufficient to reply, Kerle said angrily:

"This is no caricature at all. I saw these two old women every day all the time I was away. They used to spend hours this way, Aunt Susan sitting paring potatoes, and Aunt Hannah standing in front of her, dipper in hand. Aunt Hannah had a fine spring on her place and she would bring water over to her friend, and then become so interested in Aunt Susan's gossip that she would stay on endlessly. I don't care if none of you appreciate it. I know it's true art," and Kerle turned away with a break in his voice.

Women can always be counted upon to rise to the occasion. The picture was terrible, but Kerle was not, at least to Dorothy. She knew, even if he had not yet found out that he was The Man for her, that he was, and disregarding the rest, she slipped up to him, and laying her hand on his arm, said bravely:

"I think it is a wonderful picture, Kerle. I'm awfully proud to know the artist who painted it."

"We all are," Squires broke in, feeling the pathos of the situation, and especially Gerty's grief.

Kerle was not fooled, however. Dropping the curtain he said brokenly:

"I see how it is.. I'm ahead of my time. People haven't learned yet to see things as they really are," and his party broke up hurriedly. However, one lingered, and when they were alone, Kerle asked:

"Honestly, do you like this picture, Dorothy?"

For an instant she tried to say she did, but knowing its awfulness, she broke down, and between her sobs managed to say:

"No, I can't, but I do like you."

This helped "right smart," as Kerle had heard them say while he was south, and with Dorothy's soft young cheek pressed against his own, and her hand in his, he promised to try and forgive them all for not being truly artistic, and that very day, with Dorothy's kisses still warm on his lips, he signed a contract with a patent medicine house to go on the road. As he scrawled his name at the bottom, he said sadly:

"I had hoped to put my name to different things than this."

The president of the concern, who knew of Kerle's artistic aspirations, asked him about the outcome of his venture, and was so interested that he asked for and was given a private view. After looking at it, the president had it lugged off to his office where he submitted it to his plate man. Discovering it would reproduce, he asked the bewildered Kerle:

"Can you paint other pictures, keeping to these two characters?"

"To be sure; I have no other sketches."

"I'll give you a hundred for it and any others like it. It will make a dandy advertisement for our Dipper Rheumatism Tea."

Kerle accepted, for he wanted to be married at the same time Gerty and Squires were, but he has never given up his notion that he is producing masterpieces that some day the world will recognize. At any rate Dorothy is worth all kinds of sacrifices, at least Kerle thinks so.

(Copyright, 1912, by W. G. Chapman.)

Ins and Outs.

Orville Wright was condemning, at a picnic near Dayton, a crank type of monoplane.

"This machine isn't safe," he said, "and in flying safety is, above all things, essential.

"It's machines of this type that give rise to such a dialogue as I once overheard in a New York hotel between two young millionaires.

"'Ever go in for flying?' said the first.

"'Yes, once,' the other answered.

"'How did you come out?'

"'On a pair of silver-mounted crutches five months later.'"

MANUFACTURERS GIVE PRIZES FOR AGRICULTURE

Three Students in Guelph Receive $100 for Writing on Agricultural Subjects

At the recent meeting of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association a policy was adopted which has as its object the all round development of Canada. Cash prizes will be awarded to students who take first place in essay or other competitions on some phase of the agricultural industry. Last month Mr. G. M. Murray, general secretary, made the first of these awards when he sent to the President of the Guelph Agricultural College, a cheque for $100 for three students, two of whom wrote the best essays on sheep raising for wool and mutton, a third writing on the relation of the farmer to the manufacturer.

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THE NEWS
JOB DEPARTMENT

WOODLAND!

Building Subdivision of only 61 lots—Beautiful Red Deer's Beauty spot

MILE RADIUS FROM TOWN.

High bench land—Commanding fine view of town and country.

Parklike land and Groves of trees. Some home-makers, considering this the most desirable suburban location of Red Deer, built on it before it was subdivded. It now boasts of 6 fine homes.

Graded streets and sidewalks up to it. Church and School in immediate vicinity.

Lots from $125 to $300.

Terms—⅓ or ¼ cash, balance 6–12 and 18 months.

Inspecion invied. Guide provided.

Mrs. A. R. Stent
Fred L. Ray
Proprietors

Latimer & Botterill
Agents

The News

RED DEER - ALBERTA

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JNO. A. CARSWELL,
Editor and Proprietor.

ADVERTISING RATES ON APPLICATION

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 12, '13

FACTORIES NEEDED.

We are pleased to see that the new Board of Trade is alive to its responsibilities, and is starting out with a firm determination to induce new factories to locate here.

Already several industries are in view, and it is hoped before long we may have something definite to announce.

Although we have a number of splendid industries, such as the Great West Lumber Co. and the Valley Lumber Co. manufacturing their millions of feet of lumber; the splendid Cement Builders, Limited, and the Piper Brick Company making their millions of far-famed brick; our Laurentia Milk Co. and noted Creamery, the best in the province; our Broughton foundry, which is being enlarged; the C.P.R. increasing their already extensive yard room; the townsite people clearing land for the purpose of putting their property on the market this summer at the south end of the town; our Exhibition Association making every effort to so far outrival last year's fair that this year it will be called the great Central Fair of Alberta; with our noble seat of learning, the splendid Alberta Ladies' College, completed; with the splendid hot house of the Nursery Company, in connection with the Red Deer Holdings people, completed, and a foundry promised in the spring; with our banking institution and other large buildings in course of construction; with a large, up-to-date hotel promised us this summer; and architects and contractors all claiming this will be the best year in the history of the town, we ought to be satisfied.

But this is not enough.

What we want is factories, and we have got to get them.

We are therefore pleased at the action the Board of Trade is taking in the matter, and we hope their efforts will soon meet with success.

THAT AWFUL A. & G. W. DEAL

"Frenzied finance, iniquitous and confiscatory legislation and faithlessness toward the financial world have brought about a great crisis in the affairs of the province of Alberta, precipitated by the decision in the case of the Alberta and Great Waterways railway, and as a result the Sifton government should resign or go to the country immediately. The province has been discredited in the financial marts of the world, and at the present time the reputation of Alberta is nil.

This is the way the News-Telegram of Calgary, a paper that has been a Liberal organ, speaks of the A. & G. W. deal of the Sifton government.

Few readers can enter into the tremendous cost of this case, but when it is known that the costs of court alone amounting to $150,000 or over $460 a day for a year;

When it is known that the differential interest charges amounting to $500 a day must be paid to the bondholders until the bonds expire or the bondholders give relief, although the $6,000,000 worth of bonds lie in the bank as dead money; the people can have some idea of the dreadful cost to the province and the awful mess Premier Sifton has got this province into.

The Edmonton Journal, commenting on the case, says:

The act by which the Sifton government attempted to confiscate this railway money was founded on a palpable untruth. It stated in the preamble that the A. & G. W. Company had defaulted both in respect to the payment of interest and o construction and that on this round the agreement with it was oid.

Nothing better illustrates the Sifonian method better than the persistence with which this assertion has been adhered to, though there is no question that it is not founded on act.

The company may have defaulted on its interest payment, though in iew of the government's refusal to allow it to go on with the work, most people would admit that the lame for failure to meet the interest charges hardly rested on its houlders. But as for construction, he contract with the Rutherford overnment provided that work was o be begun within one year and finhed within four years. It was cerainly begun within the year and he four years period has not elapsed even now.

MR. MICHENER'S INTERVIEW.

"The first Liberal administration ut the province into the frying pan, nd the present administration has put it into the fire."

Thus aptly does Mr. Michener, the eader of the opposition in the Alerta legislature, criticise the records of eight years of Liberal rule in this province. In his interview in The Herald yesterday, Mr. Michener hows clearly the unfortunate posiion in which Alberta has been placd by Mr. Sifton's handling of the A. & G. W. difficulty.

It is usual for government organs o talk of Mr. Sifton's administration as not being responsible for the railway tangle. True, it was not Mr. Sifton personally who made the A. & G. W. contract, but it was a Liberal administration of which he was the heir and successor, and he has in his cabinet as attorney-general the member of that previous administration who was responsible for he contract.

It must also be remembered that Mr. Sifton has never received the mandate of the people of Alberta as premier. He went into office as the result of a party shuffle, and the electorate has never yet had a chance to pronounce either upon the means by which he attained office or his conduct of public affairs. To all intents and purposes the province of Alberta has been administered by an autocracy for the past three years, with Mr. Sifton as the autocrat.

Looking at it as a business matter Alberta has a right to demand at least a prompt election under present conditions. The province is like a joint stock company with the cabinet as its directors. Those directors have conducted its affairs so as to plunge it heavily into debt, entangled it in protracted and expensive lawsuits, undermined its credit and endangered its future. The people want a chance to elect other directoes.—Calgary Herald.

Hon. A. Sifton said on the floor of the Legislature he was prepared to stand or fall by his A. & G. W. legislation. Now that the Privy Council has turned him down hard, he should resign at once.

The moving pictures shown in the town should be strongly censored. We consider there is far too much osculation, the same being injurious, according to physicians, to the physical health.

THE GOVERNMENT RESPONSIBLE.

The Morning Albertan, replying to the Calgary Herald, denies that the Sifton government is responsible for the A. & G. W. muddle, but entirely ignores the fact that the man who made the A. & G. W. agreement, with all its crookedness, is back in the Sifton cabinet, together with Hon. Duncan Marshall, who said it was "a splendid bargain," and Hon. Malcolm McKenzie, who stood by the Rutherford government through thick and thin. The Albertan says the opposition never opposed the legislation. That is true. There was nothing the matter with the legislation; it simply gave the government authority to make the agreement. It was the agreement which was bad—fourteen insurgent Liberals said so. Three men who defended that agreement are now Ministers of the Crown under the Present Premier. They are surely responsible to the people; they cannot escape. The popular judgment as to responsibility only awaits the general election.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

The other day, while the editor was out, the sub-editor collecting a bill, and the foreman down curling, the devil let loose on the monoline and produced the following:

Some of the curlers now have a splendid idea of what an open air rink is like.

Lecturers on geology say that in ages past creatures 110 feet in length were as common as rabbits in Alberta at the present time. Gee, what circuses they must have had in those days. It ought to be exciting enough for the most exacting to lead an animal of this size around a ring on the end of a piece of rope.

Friday will be Valentine Day. To any anxious youth, who does not know how to express his feelings, we would suggest the following simple but soulful little ditty:

"Roses are red and violets blue;
Sugar is sweet, and so are you."

Red Deer's population should be taken when there is a fire in town.

We have good sleighing at last, and the sleigh bells sound very pleasant after the rumble of the heavy wagons.

The issue of Wednesday, January 29th, closed the eighth volume in the career of The News. The ninth volume we hope to make as bright and newsy as possible, always endeavoring to issue a rag that will interest our readers. A weird ceremony marked the first issue of the present volume. In grave silence the devil finished his annual sweep-up, even to the most remote corners; the foreman carefully laid away the file of the last year, patting lovingly the worn cover and crinkled edges; and the office cat was brought in and electrocuted, and a new one installed in its place. The meeting then broke up with three cheers for the editor.

REALLY GOLDEN CORN.

That wheat can still be grown in England is illustrated by the following, sent on by a reader of the Red Deer News. It also illustrates the value of Agricultural Schools or Colleges. We bring the pounds, shillings and pence into dollars and cents, being more suitable for Canadian readers of the article:

W. R. Elgar, a member of the Canterbury Farmers' Club, has raised a crop of wheat which realized $8,330, without the value of the straw, from the produce of eight bushels of seed. The wheat is a new variety brought out by the Cambridge University School of Agriculture. Mr. Elgar bought for $40.00 eight bushels of the seed in 1910. The first year he had a crop of 349 bushels. He planted the whole of this last season, and had a total crop of 6160 bushels, which he sold for the splendid price given above. His outlay of $40 has thus produced $8,331 in two years. Straw will fetch anything from $10 to $20 per ton in addition to his other profits.

Red Deer District Sunday School Ass'n

The Sunday School Convention of Red, Deer District Association will be held in Knox Presbyterian church, commeacing at 2 o'clock, on Wednesday afternoon, and closing at 4 o'clock on Thursday afternoon, Feb. 27th.

A very helpful programme of addresses is being arranged, covering every department of Sunday School work. Special attention will be given to the problems of workers in small Sunday Schools.

No restriction is placed on the number of delegates from each School. Every worker in every Sunday School of the district is urged to attend.

Rev. W. G. Brown, pastor of Knox Church, Red Deer, is convener of the billetting committee, and workers wishing to accept the hospitality of the friends of the town, for bed and breakfast, are invited to send their names to Rev. Mr. Brown.

The motto of the convention will be "Let us help one another." Will you please give a hearty invitation to everyone in your district who is in sympathy with Sunday School work.

An official programme will be sent forward later. Remember the dates, Feb. 26th and 27th.

RED DEER AS A GREAT RY. CENTER

Our Geographical Position Cannot Possibly Be Ignored

Our Future Bright With Promise

Although railroad construction in the neighborhood of Red Deer is slow, nevertheless all signs point to this town being at no distant day a prominent railway centre, equalizing if not surpassing any point in this great province of Alberta.

A railway man told a friend of the News, only a short time ago, that he was surprised that the people of Red Deer were so slow in recognizing this fact. If it were really known what the future had in store for us, he remarked, there would be no holding us back, but there would be a rush of prosperity unprecedented in the history of the province.

Recent events all point to the fact that this is the strategic point on the way to the gateway through the mountains by the Yellowhead Pass and to the now famous Brazeau coal fields.

In the House of Commons, a short time ago, the C.P.R. applied for an extension of the charter of the Alberta Central Railway, and the following discussion took place in the railway committee:

Hon. H. R. Emmerson took objection to a bill applying for an extension of the time for the construction of the Alberta Central railway and its branches. He declared that the railway had been incorporated in 1901 and suggested that the bill be placed at the bottom of the list.

Col. Thompson, who sponsored the bill, explained that during the new year the charter had passed into the hands of the C.P.R., which company intended to proceed with the construction of the line. The railway was to be about 2000 miles long, was to run from a certain point in Alberta westward to the Yellowhead pass, eastward through Saskatoon and Le Pas to Churchill and Nelson, and southward through Moose Jaw to the boundary.

Mr. Emmerson believed that the terminal was not sufficiently indicated and Hon. Frank Cochrane agreed. "If it were not an old charter," he said, "we would turn it down."

The certain point referred to in the above is no doubt Red Deer, as already the line is graded from here to the Rocky Mountain House, eighty miles west, and steel is laid to the river, some seven miles distance, where an immense high level bridge made of steel spans the Red Deer river. Steel rails are already arriving to go on with this work westward, and it is presumed it will be completed to Rocky Mountain House this summer. The new maps of the C.P.R. show the Acme branch completed to Red Deer, and the westward line almost finished. Already Red Deer is the terminus of the Lacombe branch, and when that line is completed it will act as a feeder for the west line until the other lines are completed.

C.N.R. CONSTRUCTION.

Then the Canadian Northern railway contractors are busy with the heavy cutting on the north side of the river, and the construction gang is making great headway up the heavy grade. Blasting has been going on for some time, but it is a big piece of work. It looks as though the bridge would not be built across the river for some time, but the right of way through the town has been purchased and, no doubt, so soon as the work on the north side of the river is completed other work will be taken up to complete this line through town.

TWO OTHER ROADS.

The following dispatch appeared in the daily press of Friday last:

Ottawa, Feb. 6.—The railway committee of the commons today reported two railway bills which give parliamentary sanction to a couple of ambitious Western railway ptojects. One bill incorporated the Calgary, Edmonton and Fort McMurray railway company, with a capital stock of $10,000,000, and headquarters at Edmonton. The company proposes to construct a railway from Calgary to Edmonton, thence to Fort McMurray, then following the Athabasca river to Chipewyn, thence northerly by the most feasible route west of Slave river, passing near Fort Smith to Fort Resolution, on Great Slave Lake. The company also proposes to construct a branch line from Fort Smith to Fort Vermilion, and another from a point on the Red Deer river to the town of Red Deer.

The second bill reported incorporates the Northwestern Railway company, with a capital stock of $2,000,000, and headquarters at Ottawa. It proposes to build a line from Regina westerly to Tuxford, on the C.P.R., thence to Red Deer, with a branch line to Battleford and Fort McKay.

It is thought the second bill mentioned in the above dispatch is the Jim Hill road, as he is determined to get to the coast through Canadian territory, and Red Deer appears to be the point he is aiming for, and what he wants he generally gets.

Altogether, Red Deer citizens may well be optimistic and feel that the future is bright with promises for this, the cleanest, most wholesome, most progressive town in this great western province.

L. I. D. No. 339

A meeting of the Council of Local Improvement District 339 was held in the Edwell school house on Feb. 8th.

Present: Messrs. Chas. Wark, J. F. Day, D. W. McKinnon, S. D. McConnell, John Ross and Ray Gilbert.

Councillor Wark submitted that he had not due notice of last meeting, held January 18th, and moved, seconded by Councillor Gilbert, that the minutes of that meeting be struck from the records. On a vote being taken, the motion was declared lost.

The Secretary read the minutes of last meeting, and on motion of Day and Ross were adopted.

The Secretary read the rules of procedure in force in L.I.D. 19-T-4, and on motion of Wark and Day the same were adopted for use in the district.

Correspondence was read from Ingot Iron Culvert Co. re. culverts, and Fairbanks Morse Co. re safes.

Also from Deputy Minister Municipalities acknowledging advice of Councillors elected.

On motion of Wark and Day, the Chairman, Councillor Ross and the Secretary were appointed a committee to purchase the equipment for use of the Secretary.

The Secretary was authorized to write the different culvert manufacturers for prices of the different sizes of culverts, giving a laid down price at Red Deer. It was also decided on motion of Day and Ross that the culverts be purchased by tender.

On motion of Watk and Day, the chairman was authorized to procure a bond for the Secretary for $1,000, premium to be paid by the Council.

Moved by Day, seconded by Gilbert—Resolved that the Councillors be paid $2.00 per day and 10 cents per mile for attending all meetings and also for all inspection. Carried.

On motion of Day and Gilbert, the rate for the year was struck at 5 cents per acre.

On motion of Gilbert and Ross, the Secretary was instructed to submit the Minister of Municipalities for leave to increase the rate of pay to 25 and 50 cents per hour for laborers and teams, and that a day's work be eight hours where ratepayers work out a portion of their taxes.

Moved by Wark, seconded by Day—Resolved that resident taxpayers be given the privilege of working out 75 per cent. of their taxes.

Mr. G. W. Smith addressed the Council re. high level bridge across the coulee between Secs. 8 and 17, 38-27-4, and asked that the Council re-vote the $500 granted last year. On motion of McConell and Ross, Mr. Smith's request was granted.

Moved by Wark, seconded by Day—Resolved that this Council support the Council of Hayes Municipality in their request for a bridge across the Pine Lake creek bottom between Secs. 28 and 33, Tps. 35 and 36.

On motion of Day and Ross, the Secretary was instructed to submic the following requests for bridges and appropriations to the Department of Public Works for their consideration:

One 18-foot span, 6-foot pile bridge across the creek between Secs. 28 and 33, Tp. 36-25-4.

One 14-foot span, 8-foot pile bridge between Secs. 21 and 28, 37-26-4.

One 18-foot span, 10-foot pile bridge between Secs. 15 and 16, 37-25-4.

Also for an appropriation of $100 to complete the road on diversion in Sec. 4-37-26-4. Also to have a diversion from the road allowance between Sect. 7 and 12, 13 and 18, Tps. 25 and 26.

Also for an appropriation of $100 to improve the road between Secs. 9 and 10, 36-26.

Also for a diversion around slough in Sec. 2-35-25-4.

Mr. B. J. Wade addressed the Council with reference to the road between Secs. 19, 24, 13, 18 and 37, 26 and 27. The Secretary was authorized to write the Department of Public Works to find out if the drain, survey of which was made last year, will be opened up this year, as no work can be done on this road until the drain is made.

On motion of Ross and Day, the Secretary was authorized to procure the necessary stationery and supplies to carry on the work.

The Secretary was authorized to write the Department of Municipal Affairs regarding the arrears of taxes.

Moved by McConnell, seconded by Ross, that the next meeting be held in Red Deer, on Saturday, March 1st, at 2 p.m., and that the following meeting be held at Pine Lake. Carried.

Moved by Day, seconded by Wark, that the Chairman and Secretary procure sufficient funds to meet all outstanding accounts, and that the Secretary pay the same. Carried.

Meeting adjourned.

W. P. CODE, Sec'y.-Treas.

MR. JUSTICE HODGINS
Eminent Toronto lawyer who was sworn in as Judge of the Court of Appeal of Ontario.

CANADIAN WEST RICH IN FOSSILS

One Animal of Bygone Ages Had Two Thousand Teeth, Another a Seven Foot Skull

The richest country in the world is the manner in which Charles H. Sternberg, an explorer engaged by the Canadian government, described western Canada when he arrived in Ottawa with over 20,000 pounds of fossils for the Victoria Memorial museum, which included perfect skeletons of two of the most wonderful and extraordinary animals ever unearthed. One of the skeletons named by Sternberg a duck gill dinosaur, weighed over 6,000 pounds and was 35 feet in length. This animal, Mr. Sternberg explained, lived 3,000,000 years ago, which makes the discovery of the skeleton in perfect order all the more wonderful. Another specimen he discovered, known as the triceratops (three horn trace), had a skull seven feet in length with horns over each eye, and one at the end of the nose. In describing another specimen of the dinosaur, found not very far from the first one, Mr. Sternberg said that he had enough material to complete a mount 40 feet in length. The front part of the mouth of the dinosaur was expanded into a duck bill, and covered with a horn. The teeth, 2,000 in number, were arranged in magazine form, and made a decidedly interesting study.

Mr. Sternberg was enthusiastic in his praise of Alberta and declared that in all his 40 years of exploration he had not lived in a richer country, nor had he ever made a bigger collection of fossils in the same length of time. He spent the greater part of his time in the Red Deer district. In this region he also found remains of lizards of enormous proportions.

LOCATES LEAKS IN PIPES

The Detectophone Will Save Money for People of Montreal

It is anticipated that many more hours of unnecessary labor and much money will be saved by the adoption by the Montreal water department of the "Detectophone," an electrical instrument by means of which it is possible to locate leaks in water pipes without excavating.

The machine, like a large syringe in appearance, is fitted at one end with a thin steel rod. This is driven into the ground near where the earth is damp from the escaping water, while the operator places over his ear a receiver identical with those used on telephone head sets.

As soon as the apparatus has been adjusted the operator presses a button, which has the result of electrifying the earth round the steel rod in the ground, while the hiss of the escaping water may be distinctly heard.

By following up the damp earth and properly using the "Detectophone," it is claimed that the position of a leak can be located to inches.

Gaetz-Cornett Drug Co. Sell

VIGOROL

The Great French Tonic

A Medicine That Prolongs Life

VIGOROL will do all we claim for it. If not, we refund you your money. VIGOROL not only prolongs life, but makes the old feel and look young. It restores vim and energy. VIGOROL takes hold of the inside nerves at once and braces you up. Some of your nerves have been dormant for years, and if they are not looked after will dry up and die. VIGOROL reaches the nerve centre, imparting life, youth and vigor. That tired, bilious feeling is removed; all your pains and aches are driven away. The most wonderful tonic ever sold is VIGOROL. Don't be a burden to yourself and others; get a bottle of VIGOROL to-day and start life over again. Gaetz-Cornett Drug Store is the only place in Red Deer where you can buy EIGOROL. Price $1.00 a bottle, or six for $5.00.

WINDSOR LIVERY

Keeps the Best of Horses and Rigs

If you do any driving you cannot do better than call up 20, or come and see us, right next to Windsor Hotel.

Feed and Boarding Stable in connection

We are also agents for the

"Tudhope Anderson"
BUGGIES and DEMOCRATS

If you are thinking of buying a new Rig, call and inspect our stock Prices are right.

J. CRUICKSHANK, Prop.

The Staff of Life

GOOD BREAD

Where to Get It

The Home Bakery

Confectionery a Speciality

Refreshment Parlor

PROMPT ATTENTION

W. N. BROKENSHIRE

Gaetz Avenue - Red Deer

C. T. ELINE

BUILDER AND CONTRACTOR

Estimates Cheerfully Given

Address—
P.O. Box 374 or Phone 263

The News staff had their pictures taken in the office last week. If another bunch of faces like that can be produced in the country, the oysters are on us.

Curlers' nightmare: In-turn, with lots of ice—Sweep her, sweep her, hard, hard—No, no, don't touch her—Alright, bring her in. Good shot, Sir, good shot.

Credit Auction Sale

At Willowdale, 12 miles south-east of Red Deer; at R. Tarzwell's on the old Craig farm, 2 miles north of Edwell, at ten o'clock sharp.

Wednesday, Feb'y 26th, 1912

8 HEAD OF HORSES: 1 black mare, rising 7 years old, weight about 1250 lbs.; one brown gelding, rising 6 years, weight about 1200 lbs.; one gelding, rising 5years old, weight about 1100 lbs.; one gelding, about 12 years old, weight about 1400 lbs., 2 mare colts, rising 2 years old; one mare colt, rieing one year old, bred from registered Percheron stallion; one bay mare, rising 4 years old, weight anout 1250 lbs. The above bunch of horses are quiet and well broke, and are worth inspection before the sale.

CATTLE: Three cows, due to calve in early spring; four heifers, rising three years old, du? to calve in early spring; 2 calves.

Thirty ckickens. Four young pigs.

IMPLEMENTS: Six foot binder; 5 foot mower; 12 foot hay rake; 10 foot shoe drill; 10 foot lever harrow; walking plough; cultivator; four-horse disc; new Chatham fanning mill; wagon, 3¼ inch tire, nearly new; one Ragon, 2¼ inch tire, nearly new, with double boxes all complete; jump-seat, covered bugg¼, nearly as good as new; sleigh, nearly new; 3 double sets of haraess; 2 sets, almost new; scoop shovel, spade, log chains, axes, saws, one string goog sleigh bells; carpenter tools; hoes; rakes; some grain sacks, new; 2 sets of good oak doubletrees and whiffletrees; 4-hoese oak evener. Lther articles too numerous to mention.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURR: 2 No. 9 range stoves, one nearly new; 2 Round Oak heaters, one new; oak extension table; fall leaf table; 2 stands; about oae dozen kitchen chairs; 4 rackers; leather i spring couch; spring folding bed; spring cot; kitchen cupboard; kitchen cabinet; glass top cupboard; dresser and commode; oak bedroom suite; 5 iron bedsteads, with springs nearly new; Singer Bewing macaine; new Victor gramaphone, with about thirty records; 2 clocks; 10 doz. glass sealers; 2 barrels; cucumber pickles; double barrelled shot gun; single barrel shot gun; about 3 dozen crocks, various sizes; crockery from 1 quart up to 6 gallons; glassware; plates, cups and saucers; 6 lamps; dishes of all kinds; milk cans; churn; barrels, &c.

TERMS: Cattle, potatoes, oats, wheat, barley and timothy hay, grain and hogs cash, unless otherwise arranged. The balance six monthsl cregit on approved joint bankable note with interest at 8 per cent. pdr annum. 2 per cent. discount for cash.

Lunch at noon.

Farm for sale, private, or will be rented. 100 acres under cultivation; fair buildings.

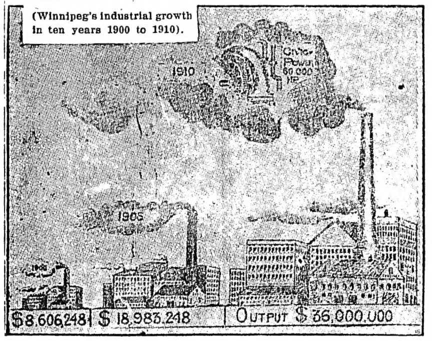
N. White, Auctioneer

MULTIPLICATION OF SMOKESTACKS IN THE THREE PRAIRIE PROVINCES

Winnipeg Furnishes an Object Lesson in the Fruits of a Stable Trade Policy—Factory Chimneys are the New Landmarks in the West

During sixty days, ending in the latter part of November of last year as many as one hundred and nine letters were received by the Winnipeg Industrial Bureau from genuine manufacturing concerns, some of which, recognizing the importance of securing access to the western market, made special applications for information by telegraph. From Eastern Canada five letters were received including that of an Ontario automobile concern and a Quebec stove manufacturer. The state of Minnesota furnished six enquiries two being from St. Paul and two from Minneapolis. Three Michigan manufacturers are making searching enquiries regarding their respective trades, and Iowa sent for information regarding five lines of manufactured goods, varying from steel metal products to harvesting machinery. The central states were represented by ten enquiries, Ohio sending nine and Indiana only one. These represent a variety of manufactures varying from a glove to motor truck factory. There were nine Wisconsin applications for information along manufacturing lines, four hailing from Milwaukee, a number of automobile firms of international repute being amongst the number from that state. No less than sixteen Chicago manufacturers made application for information regarding the manufacturing possibilities during the past sixty days and there were four other applicants from the state of Illinois. Eastern United States manufacturers including six from Philadelphia and six from New York city wanted to know what Winnipeg offers in the lines they are interested in; and the remainder of the letters were enquiries from ten New England industrial centers. The Western States contributed nine letters for information, four of these being from Kansas City. The state of California sent a similar number of enquiries. Industrial information was requested by six manufacturers in the Southern States, one from a terra cotta manufacturer in Missouri who believes that Winnipeg is the best shipping centre for Canada and a Jefferson City clothing manufacturer who asked for information of a detailed character regarding the cost of construction of a factory, etc. These hundred and one enquiries received, in addition to many personal calls from the manufacturer, represent a wide range of manufacturing activity. Many of them are highly technical and have to be dealt with with great care after painstaking research into the conditions pertinent thereto. Winnipeg's $4,000,000 civic hydro-electric power plant which furnishes power and light to manufacturers at cost, is awakening wide interest in manufacturing circles all over North America and Great Britain. The building permits at Winnipeg to date show that well over a million and a quarter was expended on new factories, and extensions to old, during the past year.

Winnipeg's factories represent a large army of skilled workmen. About two out of every three of them are married men with families. The wages these workers receive is paid over the counters of Western merchants, and a great deal of it finds its way into the pockets of the Western farmer who is growing products for the Winnipeg market. The factory is the agency which causes the circulation of money at home.


(Winnipeg's industrial growth in ten years 1900 to 1910).

This illustration shows at a glance the enormous increase in the output of the factories of Winnipeg during the past few years. The Manitoba Government's figures (amounting last year to more than $15,000,000) of the immense amount of capital invested annually in industrial concerns in that city provides substantial evidence of the multiplication of smokestacks in Winnipeg and the enormous business increase associated therewith. A similar picture of lesser proportions but of almost equal ratio of increase might be drawn of a score of "farther west" cities whose smokestacks are becoming larger, taller and more numerous.

RETAIN PROSPERITY BY MIXED FARMING

Dr. Rutherford Points Out the Necessity for Diversified Agriculture to War off Depression

Dr. Rutherford, superintendent of Animal Husbandry, C.P.R. department of Natural Resources, Calgary, in a recent address dwelt on the necessity of diversified agriculture in order to continue the prosperity of Canada. "If a man breaks up land and robs it of a few grain crops," said Dr. Rutherford, "he does not build up permanent prosperity. He belongs to the class who take what they can and then get away. There are many of us, however, who are interested in the permanent prosperity of the country, not only for ourselves but for our children. This future prosperity depends upon the proper conservation of the fertility of the soil. There are a few garden spots where grain can be continuously grown without making the ground sterile, but this is not generally true. To harvest without enriching the soil, is like drawing on a bank account without making any deposits. We have seen examples in the United States of land being skinned and should profit by their mistakes. In Great Britain the average yield of wheat is from 30 to 40 bushels an acre, because the fertility of the soil is carefully preserved. This is accomplished by the rotation of crops and by artificial fertilizers. Unless we amend our methods we will suffer in the future."

The factory follows immediately in the wake of mixed farming which is necessary to support the factory worker with food at reasonable prices. The United States is the best example of William McKinley's key to prosperity namely: "Plant the Factory Beside the Farm."

DAIRYING IN CANADA

Home Consumption Has Made Big Inroads on the Export Trade

Dairy production, under normal conditions, continues to show a healthy growth in Canada. The increased home consumption has reduced the surplus for export to the extent of $7,962,823, if the record year of 1892-3 is compared with 1910-11. On the other hand the annual home consumption has increased by at least $25,000,000 during that period. Notwithstanding the larger demands of the home trade the exports have increased since 1908. In spite of a lower price for cheese in 1910, which affected the returns to the extent of about $1,000,000, the exports of all dairy products for the fiscal year ending March 31st, 1911, amounted to $23,704,739, or $1,708,116 more than in 1908-9. The total production of milk and its products for 1910 is estimated at $100,000,000.

Alberta Meat Market
are paying HIGHEST CASH PRICES for
Beef, Pork, Veal, Mutton, Hides, and Chickens.
WILSON & TEASDALE

IMMIGRANTS AND CASH FROM UNITED STATES

The Flow of Both Into This Country is Discussed by the Wall Street Journal

American immigration to Canada is the subject of much consideration by the political and financial leaders in the American republic. The Wall Street Journal, the leading financial paper of the United States in discussing the question the other day said that over $775,000,000 is the amount, in money and effects, which has been brought into Canada from the United States alone in the last seven years. The journal anxiously asks: "Can this keep up?" There are two ways of answering this question. The first is to refer the inquirer to the abundant statistics of the average yields of grain per acre for the past twenty years; from which it can be seen that the newcomer must be satisfied with his fortune. He can secure an average yield of wheat, for instance, fifty per cent. greater than in the United States with no greater labor, and at a much lower first cost for land. The second answer may be found in the "Wall Street Journal" itself. It gives the following table, which shows conclusively that the immigration of wealth into Canada has only well begun, judging from the enormous ratio of annual increase:

Cal. Year	Emigrants Num.	Wealth per cap.	Total Value eff t & Cash
1906	63,782	$ 809	$ 51,599,638
1907	56,687	885	50,167,995
1908	57,124	1,152	65,806,848
1909	90,996	811	73 797,758
1910	124,602	1,061	132,202,722
1911	131,114	1,539	201,784,446

The amount of land cultivated in Saskatchewan this year is equal to no more than the road allowances of the Province. There is, apparently, no reason to doubt that "this" will "keep up" for some time!

THE WESTERN HOG

No Domestic Animal in Which There is More Profit for the West

Dr. J. G. Rutherford says that of all the domestic animals the hog is by far the most generally profitable and adds: "It is to be regretted that, in a country so well adapted to his requirements as are these Western Provinces, the supply is altogether inadequate to the demand. Of the hog products consumed in these provinces only a small fraction is of local origin, the great bulk being imported either from Eastern Canada or the United States. If packers and produce merchants can, after paying the prices now ruling at all outside points of origin, plus the cost of transportation, sell pork and pork products at a profit, to the people and often to the farmers of the west, there must be an excellent opportunity to make money out of raising hogs for the home market. With the abundance of cheap feed always procurable in this country and the other favorable conditions, there is absolutely no reason why a single pound of pork or any other hog product should ever be bought outside.

All varieties of swine thrive and do well on the western farm. Settlers from Eastern Canada generally prefer the improved Yorkshire, the Tamworth or a cross between one of these breeds and the Berkshire. The packer as a rule, prefers the long-sided bacon type now generally bred in Ontario in response to his suggestions, but, he cannot afford to be too particular and is glad to pay a good price for well finished hogs of any breed. The hog is known in Ireland as the gentleman who pays the rent, and while the farmer here is, as a rule, fortunate in having no rent to pay, he has sometimes other charges to provide for in the liquidation of which the revenue from the pig-pen might often be found useful."

Meat packing with its various adjuncts is one of the basic industries to every factory community. It leads in the establishment of various other industries dependent upon and related to it and in that way promotes effectively diversified pursuits throughout Canada.

A factory where grain measures will be manufactured will be established at Sutherland, Sask.

The population of the provincial constituency of Camrose, Alta., has increased from 1,375 to 10,612 in ten years.

James Bell, general manager of the Industrial League, Saskatoon, has gone to eastern Canada and the United States, to interview manufacturing companies with a view to inducing them to locate at Saskatoon.

It is expected that one of the first matters which will be taken up by the new council of Brandon next year will be that of securing cheap power for manufacturers.

Gordon, Ironsides & Fares will build a pork packing plant at Saskatoon to cost about $250,000.

The town of Wilkie, Sask., has now a water supply of 60,000 gallons a day from a well which has just been completed.

MAORIS BECOMING WEALTHY

Former Canadian Tells of New Zealand Aborigines

An exceedingly interesting talk on New Zealand was given in Toronto by Mr. George McCaul, a well-known public citizen of that country.

Mr. McCaul was born in this country, but emigrated to Galt, New Zealand, when very young. He said that many of the Maoris were educated and highly cultured. Some were even wealth, and their estates were larger than those of the white intruders.

HERE ARE THE NEW SPRING STYLES

The Spring Styles for 1813---what are they going to be like? Here's the question that is on every woman's mind. Below we give a few of the indications.

Here are the New Spring Styles
SPRING STYLES 1913
What are they going to be like
Here's the question that is in every woman's mind-below we give a few of the indications
— NEW STYLES IN —

SPRING MILLINERY

You will find in our Millinery Department the very latest styles and shapes, and they will interest you very much if you will but visit this Department

The favorite hat for every day wear and tear, will be black and it will be close fitting—of course there will be colored and large hats worn as well, but by far the largest majority will be small neat fitting black hats. Smart modistes are also showing the tam of straw and draped crown effects in soft straw braids. The long line from back to front is still noted even on small hats and many crowns are low and rounded, so that in the small hat, flat bowl like shapes are prominent trimmed low most often. The idea of applying trimming in the front is very strong at present. There are jet and pearl and arron effects, from which elongated tail feathers project and these are smart on turbans and in severe shapes say of the walking hat variety. Many of the best shapes are made of two kinds of straw; one for the facing and one for the hat proper---though not infrequently the crown is fashioned off the same straw as the facing

For evening and dressy afternoon wear all white hats that are colored but buried under heaps of white fur or feathers will continue to be in style for spring at any rate no matter what the summer may bring forth. Summing up generally the hats for spring will be, small in shape and dark in color, exceedingly neat and useful styles, plainly trimmed and more moderate in price.

Yokes Appear on the New Spring Blouses

Blouses show more fullness—Now made to blouse over slightly—Lowering of waist line has influencee the cut of blouse.

The lowering of the waist-line and the featuring again of Eastern styles is influencing the cut of the blouse. Waists are made with more fullness and also blouse slightly again over the waist-band. Yokes extend over the shoulders and often partly down the arm and form points to which the fullness is attached in the form of pleats, gathers or tucks.

Waists of crepe de chine, crepe meteor and soft satin, and in cotton fabrics, waists of voile or crepe are much trimmed with groups of small tucks at each side of the centre pleat.

Large round and flat Robespierre collars, having deep points on the shoulders and the soft roll effect, are appearing on models for the late Spring and early Summer. Pleated frills either on one or both sides of the pleat of shadow lace are seen on many waists.

Crepe and chiffon waists in shades matching the new Spring suits are to be largely featured. Waists of white brocade are very smart but are hardly practical enough to recommend themself to the general trade. Dark colors in brocades, touched up into smartness by the use of brilliant trimming colors, are much favored. Many waists have vests effects and yokes and high collars of shadow nets are a very usual finish. Many silk waists have, in addition, some form of high turnover collar. Very dressy waiste still hava the long sleeve, but 3-4 models are increasing in number.

THE NEW SUIT STYLES

With Easter Sunday the last but one in March, its not too early to be considering the new effects in tailored suits and the wisdom of purchasing before the rush begins.

Preference is given in popular priced models to the plainer valued styles.

The average length for the coat of this class of suit is 27 inches. Modified cut aways are much in evidence but there is a fair showing of models with the straight cut coat. Many suits that are cut on simple tailored lines are given a dressy effect that is quite distinctive by the use of novelty printed ratines in bright colors for collar facings.

Ratine plain and fancy, and faith moire and brocade are all being used for collar facings and many Spring suits have the collar and cuffs made of heavy lace. A piping of white cord silk or white pique simulating a vest is often used.

In the more dressy suits are appearing a number of smart effects bordering very closely upon the costume idea. These are often made up in two different fabrics or colors or in one color but in plain and fancy material.

White Serge and eponge and other wool novelties will be shown with the coat of Navy or the new Balkan Blue and the skirt of white or white colored stripe to match the coat.

Though the separate skirt still follows very closely the suit skirt, more interest is being taken in separate skirts and indications are said to point to a more general wearing of the blouse and skirt. The maine new feature at present is the finishing of the top of the skirt with stitched belts ane half belts. Buckles are being used instead of buttons to give trimming variety.

THE NEW SEASON'S DRESSES

A great variety of styles and materials to be worn—Simple Tailored Street dresses much in favor—Combination effect is strong

The plain tailored dress will be much in favor this Spring—Materials that lend themselves favorably to good tailoring are freely employed, Serge heads the list, but Bedford cords, epongas, poplins and very fine chiffon panamas in plain cloths and mixturers, and suitings in light weight cloths are all employed.

The cut is of the simplest, but often there will be a little relief given by the use of a lace collar, or when the collar is of silk or satin there is a finishing jabot of lace and net—Some dresses have the edges bound with braid, for street wear a number of Russian blouse models are making their appearance. These dresses are a logical continuance of the two-piece vogue introduced by the wearing of Norfolk and Middy effects of last year.

This year the models show a simple blouse belted in and finished wite a peplum. Many of these models come in plain and striped materials. the blouse being of the plain and the skirts of the stripe.

The combination effect is strong in novelty dresses for afternoon and evening wear. Two Tone and double faced soft satins are made up in envelope fashion with one half of the skirt fine side and the other of the reverse. Crepe de chine will be one of the most favored materials this year Styles are so varied that pages might be written about toem as each designer strives to give the models shown some individual touch. Sometimes the effect is gained by the arrangement of the scant drapery or by the draping or position of a sash. Very clever belt arrangements are seen and a semblance of the bolero is given to the waists of some models. Vests of net or printed fabrics are used and lace and flat Robispierre collars are much in evidence.

LATEST TREND IN CURTAIN EFFECTS

New line of scrims with narrow border and lace insertion on the market. Panel effect the latest word in lace curtains Plain back grounds in drapery fabrics.

The W. E. LORD CO'Y
LIMITED

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR SALE

LOTS FOR SALE.

Here is a chance to make some money. Lots 25 to 28, inclusive, Block J, Parkvale Place; Lots 3 to 7, inclusive, Block 1, subdivision Lot 1, Fairview (Red Deer). $325 each, terms one-third cash.—STANLEY J. WILSON, 118 Hastings St. West, Vancouver, B.C.
Jan 29, 3w1.

HALL TO RENT.

Special terms to lodges and labor organizations. Prices on application to FRED L. BROWN, care of Brown & Fulton. Jan 29

HORSES FOR SALE.

Some fine young geldings and fillies for sale, broken and unbroken; also some half bred Hackney drivers, well broken, not afraid of autos, plenty of go in them, and will be sold reasonable. Apply to J. J. RICHARDS & SONS.
Red Deer, Jan. 29, 1913.

SEED WHEAT.

Farmers, Attention! I have about 300 bushels of Marquis seed wheat for sale at $1.00 per bushel, cleaned and ready for delivery by Feb. 1st.—H. PUZEY, Red Deer, Sec. 15, Rge. 38, Tp. 26, W. 4th. Dec 25, tf.

TO RENT

FOR RENT.

The Geissinger ranch of 1440 acres, 17 miles east of Red Deer. All fenced and cross fenced. 250 acres in cultivation and timothy hay. Good barns and buildings. Several springs. One of the best stock ranches in Alberta. For terms see ANDREW WYLIE, Red Deer. Jan. 22, tf.

FOR RENT.

S. E. Sec. 4-39-27, W. 4th Mer. A well improved farm, 3½ miles north of Red Deer. New 9-room house with furnace. Good stabling for horses and cattle. New granary for 2,500 bushels. Machine sheds; chicken house. Plenty of good water handy to the house. 75 acres under cultivation. Apply to F. E. LOSSE, Owner, or A. ROGERS, Auctioneer.
Feb. 5, 2w.

NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Town of Red Deer intend to apply at the next session of the Legislature of the Province of Alberta for an Act to amend the ordinance incorporating the Town of Red Deer by changing the name of the Town of Red Deer to the City of Red Deer.

DATED at Red Deer this 31st day of December, A. D. 1912.

MESSRS. GREENE & PAYNE,
Solicitors for Applicant.

In the Supreme Court of Alberta, Judicial District of Wetaskiwin.

Between:
Associated Mortgage Investors
Plaintiffs.
—and—
William Archie Stanley and J. I. Case Threshing Machine Company,
Defendants.

Before the Honorable Mr. Justice Stuart in Chambers, Friday, the 24th day of January, A.D. 1913.

Upon the application of the Plaintiffs and upon hearing read the Writ of Summons and Statement of Claim herein and the Affidavits of Henry D. Mann and Francis S. Simpson and upon hearing counsel for the Plaintiffs, IT IS ORDERED:

(1) That service upon the Defendant William Archie Stanley of the Writ of Summons and Statement of Claim in this action by publishing forthwith this Order together with the notice thereon endorsed once a week fot four consecutive weeks in a public newspaper published in Red Deer in the Province of Alberta and by sending forthwith a copy of the Writ of Summons and Statement of Claim in this action, together with a copy of this Order by post in a prepaid registered letter addressed to the Defendant at Gaetz Valley Post Office, Alberta, and at General Delivery, Minneapolis, Minnesota, U.S.A., and by posting forthwith a copy of the Writ of Sommons, Statement of Claim and of this Order in the Court House in Town of Red Deer in the province of Alberta be good and sufficient service of the Writ of Summons herein upon the said Defendant, William Archie Stanley.

AND IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Defendant William Archie Stanley do enter an appearance and file his Statement of Defence to the said Writ of Sommons on or before the 15th day of March, A.D. 1913.

AND IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the costs of and incidental to this Order be costs in the cause.

CHAS. A. STUART,
J.S.C.

NOTICE.

The Plaintiffs' claim is on a mortgage dated the 10th day of June, A. D. 191[illegible], made by the Defendant William Archie Stanley to the Plaintiffs and the Plaintiffs claim there is now due and payable on said mortage for principal the sum of $550,00 and for interest $16.50 and the Plaintiffs claim that the said mortage may be enforced by sale or foreclosure. If you desire to be heard, you must enter an appearance with the Deputy Clerk of the Supreme Court at Wetaskiwin on or before 15th March, 1913

LENT, JONES & MACKAY,
Plaintiff's Solicitors,
Calgary, Alta.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made to the next session of the Legislature of the Province for an act to incorporate the Alberta Ladies' College.

DATED at Red Deer, Alberta, this 4th day of January, 1913.

GREENE & PAYNE,
Solicitors for the Applicants.

WARNING.

We wish to notify the public that any person or persons removing logs from the Red Deer river below our mill site will be prosecuted. Any person giving information leading to the conviction of anyone taking logs will receive $10.00 reward.

THE GREAT WEST LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

NURSES OF ALBERTA.

The graduate nurses of Alberta have formed a Provincial Association. Any nurse wishing to join, may do so by sending her name, accompanied by diploma, or affidavit of same, to Miss E. M. Rutherford, Recording Secretary, 934, 15th Ave. W., Calgary, Alta. Jan, 29

T. S. Miller
Builder and Contractor
ALL KINDS OF STAIRS BUILT TO ORDER
RESIDENCE:
POPLAR STREET
P.O. Box 222, Red Deer

DO YOU BUY WOOD?

If you do, try a load of ours. I is good and costs only a reasonable price.

DRY WOOD, $2 per stove cord, delivered anywhere in Red Deer: 50c per load extra on the hill.

LOADS, $3, $4, $5 worth

We will deliver you green wood on sleighs for next summers use at $1.50 per 14-inch cord, split fine enough for the ordinary cook stove; 3 cords for $4, not split.

J. W. KINKADE
Box 95. - RED DEER
Orders can be left at McLean Bros. store

TO FARMERS
Does your Buggy or Cutter need
PAINTING
If so, see
A. A. MANN
South of Windsor Hotel
All work guaranteed

Are your hands chapped, cracked or sore? Have you "cold cracks" which open and bleed when the skin is drawn tight? Have you a cold sore, frost bite, chilblains, or a "raw" place, which at times makes it agony for you to go about your household duties? If so, Zam-Buk will give you relief, and will heal the frost-damaged skin. Anoint the sore places at night, Zam-Buk's rich healing essences will sink into the wounds, end the smarting, and will heal quickly.

Mrs. Yellen, of Portland, says: "My hands were so sore and cracked that it was agony to put them near water. When I did so they would smart and burn as if I had scalded them. I seemed quite unable to get relief from anything I put on them until I tried Zam-Buk, and it succeeded when all else had failed. It closed the big cracks, gave me ease, soothed the inflammation, and in a very short time healed my hands."

Zam-Buk also cures chafing, rashes, winter eczema, piles, ulcers, festering sores, sore heads and backs, abscesses, pimples, ring-worm, etc., cuts, burns, bruises, scalds, sprains. Of all druggists and stores, or post free from the Zam-Buk Co., Toronto. Price 50c a box.

Zam-Buk

THE BONSPIEL A GREAT SUCCESS

Campbell, Red Deer, Wins Two Competitions---Palmer, Calgary, Won the Grand Challenge

The Bonspiel last week was the best by far ever held in Red Deer, and was largely attended by outside rinks. The best of feeling prevailed throughout, and all visitors report having had a good time and say they will come again. The Grand Challenge Cup was won by Palmer, of Calgary, after a close contest with Harry Wallace's rink, and the winner was in doubt up to the last end. Wallace got second, Farncombe third and Clarke fourth. Farncombe, of Strathcona, Johnston of Edmonton, McKay of Camsose, and Roxboro of Olds, were among the strong rinks. The first day Palmer and Johnston had to play a fourteen-end game to decide first draw in Real Estate, Johnston winning out. Almost all the wins were made by close margins and generally by the last rock. Farncombe defeated McKay of Camrose in the finals for the Hotel Keepers, Johnston of Edmonton came third, and Pearson of Red Deer fourth.

Campbell of Red Deer won first in the Real Estate over Roxborough of Olds. Wallace of Red Deer won the third place, and Staples of Wetaskiwin got fourth.

Campbell won out in the Consolation also, Saturday night, over the Humber rink, Hanna getting third and Roxborough fourth.

Red Deer rinks held their own against the province, winning half of the prizes, which is a splendid showing.

Farncombe's rink won the Grand Aggregate. Living of Calgary won the O.S.O. good tobacco for the hard luck prize.

The visitors are praising the treatment accorded them during their entire stay, and say they have thoroughly enjoyed their fight for laurels in the city.

Living's rink of Calgary enjoyed themselves to such an extent that they had the Good Times cup made, and if they did win the prize for the most games lost they assured everyone that they had the best time of any rink while here.

Rinks from Red Deer will attend the Wetaskiwin and Banff bonspiels.

The Ladies' Hospital Aid, under the able management of Mrs. Hugh Clarke, President, furnished luncheon during the 'spiel, and a nice sum was realized by their work. All officers and others connected with the bonspiel are to be congratulated on the result.

The following are the results of the different draws:

Red Deer—Coote, Manning, Munro, Humber skip.

Red Deer—A. Mann, E. Beckett, Plaxton, Campbell skip.

Red Deer—J. Baird, C. Stone, Hacking, Clarke skip.

Red Deer—Bonnick, J. Mann, Lindsay, Welliver skip.

Red Deer—Meeres, Carscallen, Rev. Brown, Pearson skip.

Red Deer—Johns, R. Stone, T. A. Gaetz, Wallace skip.

Red Deer—Kershaw, J. C. Moore, Carswell, W. A. Moore skip.

Red Deer—Day, Gould, Brydie, Hanna skip.

Red Deer—Ramage, Snell, Fulton, Parker skip.

Red Deer—Sam Smith, A. Forrester, Donald Smith, John Malcolm skip.

Red Deer—Kruger, McEwan, Lees, Gibson skip.

Red Deer—Hutton, L. M. Gaetz, Galbraith, W. J. Stephenson skip.

Red Deer—Page, Murphy, Chapman, Latimer skip.

Camrose—Russell, McLeod, Douglas, Measom skip.

Castor—McPherson, Watson, Lissack, Dillon skip.

Calgary—Nowers, Roche, Fletcher, Palmer skip.

Calgary — Dobbie, McWilliams, Bruce, LaFrance skip.

E. Calgary—Fisher, Bonnycastle, Towers, Living skip.

Calgary — Thompson, Woodlock Bayer, Davison skip.

Calgary—Perkins, Shaw, Matthews, Murphy skip.

Camrose—Lambe, Ramsey, Pike, McKay skip.

Innisfail—Snyder, Barnett, Rummen, Shortt skip.

Olds — Dixon, Brower, McRavey, Roxburgh skip.

Edmonton — Banford, Johnson, Johnson, Johnson skip.

South Edmonton—Tipton, Torgeson, Williscroft, Bowen skip.

South Edmonton—Buchanan, McDonald, Miller, Farncombe skip.

S. Edmonton—Spence, Chisholm, O'Donnell, Laughlin skip.

Wetaskiwin—Williamson, Herie, McMurdo, Staples skip.

Wetaskiwin—Ellis, Wilkins, Wallace, Nesbitt, skip.

GRAND CHALLENGE.

First Draw—			
Parker	23	Measom	4
Dillon	13	Malcolm	4
Living	14	Moore	12
Shortt	7	Pearson	15
Davidson	9	Hanna	10
Bowen	5	Clarke	15
Roxburgh	12	Welliver	13
Farncombe	10	Campbell	9
Loughlin	14	Latimer	10
Murphy	9	Humber	10
Mackay	9	Stephenson	10
Nesbitt	9	Gibson	8
Johnson	17	LaFrance	15
Second Draw—			
Staples	10	Wallace	12
Living	11	Pearson	16
Hanna	5	Clark	15
Nesbitt	12	Stephenson	10
Palmer	12	Johnson	10
Dillon	14	Parker	6
Welliver	9	Farncombe	10
Humber	11	Laughlin	14
Third Draw -			
Wallace	16	Dillon	6
Pearson	13	Clarke	14
Farncombe	14	Loughlin	12
Palmer	15	Nesbitt	5
Semi-Final—			
Wallace	12	Clarke	8
Farncombe	3	Palmer	15
Final—			
Palmer	12	Wallace	8

REAL ESTATE.

First Draw—			
McKay	12	Pearson	8
LaFrance	10	Wallace	1
Dillon	8	Campbell	15
Farncombe	12	Clarke	9
Measom	12	Moore	10
Laughlin	12	Welliver	4
Roxburgh	17	Stephenson	3
Bowen	8	Humber	13
Murphy	10	Malcolm	12
Shortt	10	Gibson	13
Staples	14	Hanna	6
Living	10	Parker	13
Palmer	13	Johnson	14
Second Draw—			
Davidson	12	Nesbitt	7
Wallace	12	Parker	8
Campbell	11	Malcolm	3
Measom	12	Humber	14
Roxburgh	16	Laughlin	10
Gibson	13	Farncombe	9
Staples	14	McKay	9
Johnson	10	Latimer	9
Third Draw—			
Davidson	6	Wallace	15
Measom	9	Campbell	12
Roxbrough	13	Gibson	7
Staples	11	Johnson	8
Semi-Final—			
Wallace	6	Campbell	13
Roxbrough	14	Staples	11
Final—			
Campbell	10	Roxbrough	

HOTELKEEPERS' TROPHY

First Draw—			
Hanna	12	Loughlin	16
Living	12	Staples	10
Palmer	12	Roxburgh	10
LaFrance	10	Welliver	13
Latimer	9	McKay	11
Davidson	7	Humber	13
Murphy	9	Johnson	12
Bowen	12	Parker	13
Campbell	13	Wallace	5
Nesbitt	13	Stephenson	7
Malcolm	8	Gibson	17
Shortt	12	Moore	5
Farncombe	13	Dillon	7
Second Draw—			
Pearson	12	Clarke	8
Loughlin	17	Living	15
McKay	19	Humber	10
Campbell	8	Nesbitt	12
Gibson	9	Shortt	7
Welliver	14	Roxburgh	7
Johnson	10	Parker	8
Farncombe	13	Measom	11
Third Draw—			
Laughlin	10	Pearson	12
McKay	11	Welliver	7
Johnson	10	Nesbitt	8
Gibson	8	Farncombe	12
Semi-Final—			
Pearson	5	McKay	9
Johnson	9	Farncombe	13
Final—			
Farncombe	11	McKay	6

CONSOLATION

First Draw—			
Murphy	8	Palmee	9
Campbell	10	Moore	8
Dillon	13	Living	14
Parker	12	Staples	13
Hanna	11	McKay	10
Roxborough		Bowen defaulted	
Short	17	Measom	4
Welliver	8	Stephenson	10
Davidson	19	Malcolm	4
LaFrance def't'd.		Clark	
Humber	12	Latimer	8
Second Draw—			
Palmer	9	Campbell	13
Living	7	Hanna	14
Roxborough	10	Stephenson	8
Humber	10	Clark	8
Semi-Final—			
Campbell	15	Hanna	12
Roxborough	6	Humber	11
Final—			
Humber	5	Campbell	11

The Importance of Having Seed Tested For Vitality

From the results of tests made up on samples of grain from all part of the Province there is now n onger any doubt that much of thi s unfit for seed purposes, and tha farmers are taking a serious risk i sowing it before they have had test made for vitality. This refer particularly to oats and barley. A we have pointed out before, oats though perfectly plump and to al outward appearances sound, may b quite unfit for seed, due to the gern having been killed by frost injury Few can tell whether such seeds ar capable of germinating without making a test. Our records show that practically all districts are effected, but while bad seed is general, good, too, occurs in quantity, and we believe sufficient is available everywhere to meet the demand. It is, however, extremely important that every farmer should know just where this is to be procured and at the same time avoid everything doubtful. To gain this information a germination test is absolutely necessary, and a certificate of vitality should be demanded by all intended purchasers. In consideration of the loss incurred last year through neglect in this respect, and knowing the danger of this, we are again strongly urging the necessity of having all oats and barley tested, as by this means, and this only, can much unnecessary loss and hardship to the country be eliminated.

For the information of those not already aware of the fact, we may repeat that all samples are tested free of charge by the Seed Laboratory, Calgary, and sample bags supplied without cost to all who apply for them. All that is necessary on the farmer's part is to send in the seed (about 100 grains), place a two cent stamp on each sample and his name and address in one corner, together with a distinguishing mark when more than one sample is forwarded. Such samples should be sent to the Dominion Seed Laboratory, Calgary, where they will be tested and a report sent to the sender in about fourteen days.

WESTERN RELICS OF RARE INTEREST

Interesting Historical Objects Gathered at Selkirk--Links With the Long Past

Few places in Canada can show more relics of Canadian historical interest than Selkirk, Manitoba. These were displayed at a Winnipeg exhibition. The first to be seen at the end of the room was a gun, the property of Magnus Harper, which was used with the powder horn at Seven Oaks. A pair of snowshoes were of special interest and wonderful workmanship. They were brought from the mouth of the Mackenzie river over 30 years ago. The fine gutted work of the shoe is seldom seen in the present days. They are the only kind that can be used to much purpose in the far north. In the case at the side were a number of interesting historical articles. A bayonet which was used in the "Thin Red Line" at Inkerman by one of the Sutherland Highlanders is one of the first. Then came the axe which was the property of Senator John Sutherland, and is over 100 years old, yet still fit for use. A picture of Sir John Moore and the battle of Corunna was an heirloom of one of the early settlers. Of interest also was the spinning wheel, the property of Mrs. Polson. Behind the simple machine was a row of blankets spun by the wheel and though over 100 years old they look as new and fresh as many of the pieces of work which one sees to-day. Besides the spinning wheel were the other instruments for the art, the card, the reel, the clipping shears, and a number of other domestic articles, compasses of somewhat rude construction, a pot hanger, a catfish gaff, an old bow tie for cattle, the yard stick, the dog whip and the stone sledge.

An Old Hammer

An interesting article was the old steel stone hammer which was used by Duncan Macrae, one of the first masons in the valley. He was the man who did most of the mason work on Lower Fort Garry, on St. Andrews church, the old St. John's cathedral and the old Kildonan church. The gauge of the Hon. William Fraser was also to be seen, and side by side an old pot hanger which bears the date 1770. A whip saw and the stillyards for weighing, a pair of old tongs of prehistoric style, an ox hauling pin, a sewing champ, and a pair of candle moulds, were also of special interest, as also were the grain sickle and flail, a number of tiny Indian brooms, and an old shoe last which had done many a good day's work. Side by side were a white man's cradle and an old Indian cradle for the papoose which had served its excellent purpose for 99 years and looks still good for the century.

Of more recent years but of no less interest was the mace of the first Manitoba legislature, which had been loaned by the provincial government and which was carried first over 40 years ago. A fine rabbit robe from the early days was seen at the end of the southern case in the museum.

In the centre of the room was one of the cannon which was brought out to the settlement by Lord Selkirk himself and which was picked out of the Red river some time ago. It is now located at Dauphin but was sent down specially on loan to the exhibition. Behind it was the first bell that was in use in Rupert's Land and its deep resonant tones were just such as were needed in those early days of scattered settlement. The bell bears the date 1826 and was in use for many a year at York Factory. Loaned by the Hudson's Bay Company were a couple of sleighs of unusual interest, the first, a gentleman's cariole, and the other a dog pack sled all packed up ready for the journey.

Next came a table made by one of the early settlers, John Francis. It was surmounted by an old Indian mat as strong and substantial as on the day when it was made. The western wall of the room had in the centre the portrait of Hon. Donald Gunn, justly termed the "Nestor of Manitoba," for his work on the history of the province. A number of old chairs were to be seen underneath, the most interesting being that which was the property of Hon. William Fraser.

On the northern side was the charter of the Hudson's Bay company which extended over four big pages of parchment. The document was loaned by the company officials. Beside it was a picture of the company officials from the year 1872 till 1881. Near it also a York boat, in miniature, the work being very cleverly executed, and in front were six pictures giving scenes from western life and lithographed by William Day.

The seal of the Red River Settlement was also on view side by side with the shoe buckles which Lord Selkirk wore in 1812, the year of the first settlement in Winnipeg. An Indian tom-tom, a rogan and a number of moccasins of fine manufacture made the first Indian exhibits. Most interesting in this section were the full leather dresses of an Indian woman and man with loon neck vest, all of which were many years old.

Six picture scenes from western life adorned the walls and were loaned by the provincial government, and gave some idea of the life of the earlier days, the times of the buffalo and Indian warfare.

Outside near the arts building was the other section of the museum, which included a log hut brought from St. Peter's reserve. There were several boats of varied construction, an Eskimo canoe, a birch lined canoe, and the old-time dug-out boat. There were also an old Red river cart, several plows of English and Scottish make, as well as the ruder Red river type.

Perhaps the most interesting historic relic was the sleigh in which Monkman drove Lieutenant-Governor Schultz, as the latter came to be, in 1869 from Parkdale to the mouth of the Red river, whence he escaped east from the plotting designs of Riel on his life

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Capital Paid up	$ 6,700,000
Reserve Fund	$ 5,900,000
Total Deposits, over	60,000,000
Total Assets, over	80,000,000

SIR H. MONTAGU ALLAN, President. E. F. HEBDEN, General Manager.

189 Branches in Canada
Accounts of Farmers, Firms and Individuals solicited.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.
Deposits received of $1.00 and upwards and Interest allowed at highest current rate.

F. M. HACKING, Mgr. RED DEER BRANCH.

BUY YOUR
WINES and LIQUORS
At H. R. ARNOLD'S, Red Deer
PHONE 256
Proper Goods at Proper Prices
Special Attention to Family Trade

It Wouldn't Be Dinner

Without meat—would it? And of course as the meat is good or not, so is the dinner. Don't risk spoiling the dinner by serving inferior or "cheap" meat. Come here for your meat and you can depend on it that it will be fresh young, tender, juicy and wholesome. Just Try Us.

ALBERTA MEAT MARKET
WILSON & TEASDALE
301 Gaetz Ave. N. Phone 322

Phone 67 Phone 67
Farmers' Co-Operative, Limited

FARMERS!
Support the institution that made your market higher and better.
We can still get a better price for all your products.
Sell your Hogs---Your Hides and Live Poultry ---Your Grain and Vegetables---Your Milk and Cream---At the
RED DEER CREAMERY
Head Office: Farmers' Co-Operative, Limited

Red Deer's Toy and Novelty Store

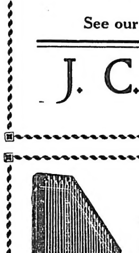
We are comfortably settled in our new quarters next the ALBERTA HOTEL, and have a fine stock of goods on hand

SPECIAL FOR THIS WEEK:
China Dinner Set, 106 pieces at $8.50
China; Afternoon Tea Set, at $5.50
Semi Porcelain, Tea Set, 40 pieces, $7.00
Set of 7 Crystal Sauce Dishes, 80c

Complete Line of Crockery and Small Ware on Hand

See our Special Table of 15c Goods

J. C. BRAZIER
ROSS AVENUE



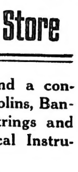
Red Deer Music Store

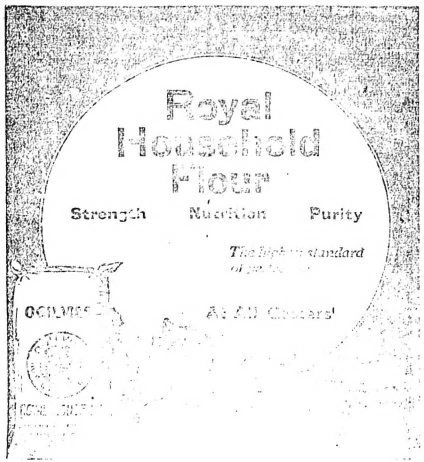
Just arrived from England a consignment of Violins, Madolins, Banjos, Guitars and Cases; Strings and Trimmings for all Musical Instruments.

We Guarantee these goods to be second to none. All instruments tuned ready for playing. We specialize in repairs of every description. See our goods and benefit from our 30 years pracrical experience, sessons by appointment

Agents for the famous
Gourlay Piano, Angelus Player Paino and Estey Organs
CASH OR TERMS

HADLEY & WEBB
Ross Ave. Next Northern Crown Bank





FOR SALE BY
McLEAN BROS. RED DEER

RED DEER IRON WORKS.
Morrison Street, - Telephone 169.
Shaft turning, Wheelboring and Pipes screw cut to any size and number of threads by machinery.
Repairs to all kinds of machinery promptly executed. The works are fitted throughout by most modern new machinery driven by Electric Motor.
J. W. BROUGHTON,
Engineer, Millwright, Machinist

IT IS CHEAPER
One often hears the young man say "I WOULD LIKE TO GET A TAILORED SUIT THIS FALL BUT I CAN'T STAND THE PRICE."
Now let us tell you young man, you will find a tailor made garment cheaper in the end and you have the extra comfort and well dressed appearance as well. Remember you can get just the material you like made to your exact measure.
H. G. MUNRO, Merchant Tailor.
Phone No. [illegible] Ross Avenue, Red Deer.

REAL ESTATE!
Come and see us in our new location
IF YOU WANT
A Comfortable Home
A Good Farm
Insurance or a Loan
We are in a good position to supply any of these
WILLSON BROS
OFFICE: 18 ROSS STREET

MADE ON HONOR
SOLD ON MERIT
BREAD AND CAKES
Made at
HAMILTON'S
RED DEER BAKERY
Phone 15

PROFESSIONAL HOUSEKEEPING

A Paper Read at Women's Institute Meeting

The regular meeting of the Women's Institute of Red Deer was held Saturday afternoon in the Sunday School room of the Methodist church. It was very gratifying to the executive to see so many women present, and the general interest that prevailed bespeaks for the Institute success; as the meeting next month is to be somewhat demonstrative in nature, even a larger attendance is anticipated.

Regarding a question asked at January meeting, "What can this Institute do to assist the Boy Scout movement in our town?" Mrs. Lord, who very ably conducts the question bureau, read a very comprehensive reply which Scoutmaster Gibson had kindly furnished. It stated that Red Deer citizens very liberally support and show their appreciation of the movement, the great need here being men to help the Scoutmasters, whose vocations and avocations do not permit them giving sufficient time to the work. If two gentlemen could be induced to devote one hour a week to the work, they would find it interesting to themselves, the work easy to pick up, and they would be of very material assistance to the organization.

Miss Huestis favored the meeting with a vocal solo, after which Miss Campbell, of the Ladies' College, gave the following most interesting address on Professional Housekeeping:

Among the uninitiated the title "Professional Housekeeper" is apt to provoke a smile or a bit of sarcasm. The adjective amuses them, and the fact that she considers a course of training in a school of Household Science an absolute necessity is quite absurd.

Housekeeping ranks among the professions as truly as any other occupation. It is more than a trade inasmuch as the one who works at a trade performs the work each day the task assigned, the work being planned and directed by another; but the housekeeper is the manager who must possess and exercise the power to guide, her work being to initiate, plan and direct the business of the house of which she has charge. This requires larger capacity and ability than is required of the one who merely practises a trade. There is no more question as to the need of education and training for the woman who selects the food and furniture of the house than there is need of study on the part of the farmer or manufacturer who produces them.

It has been said that the woman who is well trained in her own home by a mother who is a model housekeeper has no need of such training. Before answering this question, let us see what the course for a professional housekeeper consists. The course has its basis in pure science, the superstructure being the application of the principles involved. The fundamental course consists of chemistry, inorganic and organic, bacteriology, biology, physics, physiology and mathematics. The applied courses are household chemistry, fuels, nutrition, dietetics, dietaries, textiles, laundry, sanitation, food preparation, hygiene, principles of accounts, buying supplies, and the organization of science. Applied science can so readily be made to follow pure science that students of the course not only enjoy the pure science more because they know it is soon to be applied in laundry, kitchen and office, but they have a keener interest in the results of experiments, and a better memory for the illustrations used. The threads of connection between chemistry, physics and bacteriology are so knit and woven together as to bring all subjects into one coherent body of interesting facts. Do you think any one woman has a teaching knowledge of these subjects, and, if so has she time for them? Is it not necessary for the woman who is to make housekeeping her choice of a profession to have the advantage of teachers each a specialist in his or her own line?

Institution work has developed marvellously within recent years. The tendency of the day is towards [illegible] and new avenues of [illegible] are constantly being opened up. Hospitals, state, municipal and private college dormitories, [illegible] and settlements are ever increasing in number as also are [illegible] apartment houses, restaurants and lunch rooms. The same problems, varying only in intensity [illegible] are common to all, each calling for highly organized and highly skilled housekeeping, and it was this demand for the educated [illegible] that created the professional housekeeper.

When a woman enters on her duties as housekeeper in an institution she turns her attention first to the building itself, to ascertain whether it is satisfactory in regard to its situation, ventilation, plumbing, [illegible], lighting, heating, [illegible] lines, and space for [illegible] and cleaning purposes.

If any of these conditions are not satisfactory, she will do her best to [illegible] such changes as will modify it [illegible] the many dangers [illegible] from defects in these respects. Her training has taught her that any annoyance arising from her [illegible] in such matters must count as nought. Health or even human life is at stake, and no caution can be too great.

Assured that the building is satisfactory she must turn her attention to the equipment, furniture, linen, silver, kitchen utensils, etc. Here, as elsewhere, her training enables her to make a wise choice, and furniture that is substantial, easily cleaned and in good taste will be selected. Birch mahogany will not be mistaken for the real article, nor oak veneer for solid oak.

The buying of linen is most important. Before purchasing its use must be considered, for each article must be suited to its use. Table linen and floor cloths must be chosen with equal care. The wise housekeeper will purchase only the best. She will also let colors distinguish where articles belong, in order to determine at a glance whether an employee is careless enough to be using a glass towelling for a scrub cloth.

The silver and glass are all bought with the same idea in mind, namely, the use to which it is to be put, and it must be kept in mind that the exclusive and cut glass of a home are quite out of place in an institution, where dishes must be washed as quickly as possible by a limited number of employees.

The buying of kitchen utensils is perhaps the most difficult task of all. One must be thoroughly acquainted with the specifications used in purchasing each article. For instance, in ordering double boilers, it must be specified that they sit flat, the maker, color and capacity being stated. Wooden spoons and cleavers are specified according to number, etc.

If articles have not been specified, no matter how unsatisfactory they are the firm from which they have been purchased cannot be made to take them back. The placing of the kitchen equipment is almost as important as the buying. This will be carried out with an eye to saving steps, and getting the food to the dining room as quickly as possible.

The next task is to work out a system whereby the necessary work of the institution can be carried on. Here her training in the organization provided for, a scale of wages stead. She divides the house into departments and places responsible heads over each. A weekly and a daily routine is then made out, the labor is fairly divided, and recreation provided for, a scale of wages is drawn upon dependent upon standards of living in the locality, class of servant's skill and experience. Rules and regulations regarding both the work and the social life of the help are printed and given to each one.

Uniforms must be decided upon, also the method of obtaining the same and the laundry allowance per week. Once the service is properly organized, it behooves the housekeeper to arrange for evening classes, to give the help thorough training in food preparation, cleaning methods, waitress work and sanitation. By so doing she saves time, food and cleaning materials. She gets better work and has less difficulty in securing and holding her help. Intelligent girls appreciate the teaching, and work that is too often looked upon as mere drudgery, becomes a pleasure—reason and intelligence lightening the heaviest tasks.

The buying of supplies and the making of suitable menus come up for consideration next. The buying may be done on open market or by term contract, or by a combination of both methods. It may be done by the housekeeper herself, or through one appointed to do the buying, the housekeeper making the necessary requisitions.

All food specifications should be made as follows: (1) Chemical, as in the case of flour, baking powder, etc.; (2) description, as fruits; (3) by sample, as rice, tapioca. The housekeeper must be well informed as to markets, and her information may be gained in various ways, viz., through trade journals, sending out letters to reliable firms, and asking them to give bi-weekly quotations. She is then in a position to choose from their lists.

When the supplies are received they must be weighed, tested and suitably stored, and entered in a stock book, and this book must contain all the necessary information regarding these supplies for either immediate or for future reference.

In order to make out a suitable menu, the housekeeper must first know how much she may spend per meal, and secondly the composition of foods. It is her business to furnish the greatest amount of nourishment at the least possible cost. Only those who can understand food composition, and such terms as nutritive and dietetic value have any right to criticize a menu provided the limit as to cost has been kept.

A housekeeper should be provided with such books as are necessary, an inventory book, a stock book, laundry books, and small supplies such as bill heads, loan cards, [illegible] and requisition slips. The inventory book should contain the name of the article, when purchased, cost, where placed, and any other special information. The loan card is for the use of anyone in the institution who may wish to borrow any article from any department. It should register the name of the article, description, name of borrower, date, and a record of the place from which it is taken.

The requisition is from anyone [illegible] supplies from the food store room. No one except the housekeeper may carry a key to the room and no supplies can be given out from the food store room except by a requisition signed by the housekeeper.

Many of these things may seem to be very small matters, but it is these details carried out to the letter that insure the success of institutional housekeeping.

Jim Thorpe, acknowledged the world's greatest all-round sport champion, has fallen from his high estate and today stands discredited, losing all his hard earned honors, he having confessed to playing professional baseball before he gained his fame as an amateur. It must be a bitter blow to him, as he loses his title to every championship he possessed.

A Letter From An Old Friend In B. C.

Nanaimo, B.C., Feb. 2nd, 1913.

My dear Mr. Carswell,—

On your wishing me good-bye, you asked me to write and let you know what kind of a country I landed in, etc.

Well, I am not intending to do that fully at this time, as I do not consider I have had time yet to fully decide just what this part can do for a man with all the openings there are; but I will add this much: If you hear of any of your Alberta farmers who think they could farm to better advantage here than there, tell them it cannot be done; and later on I will give you particulars I am gleaning for that purpose. But what I have stated is, I feel sure, uncontradictable. How's that for a word? The Scotch are reckoned pretty good as business men, and only the other week a Scotchman was telling me he ought to have stopped in Alberta for a few years instead of coming right through, as he could have made more money and so done better here.

Now, Mr. Carswell, I am sending you one of our Nanaimo papers, of which we have two, The Daily Herald, (Morning) and the Free Press, an evening daily, and the reason I am sending it is for you to see something what the Sunday side is like, and [illegible] I wish you to notice particularly is the "Broncho Busting" and that it took place there is no doubt for [illegible] we came out of morning service the cheering was enormous in volume. This side of Sunday life in and around Nanaimo is anything but elevating, as all the football matches are on Sunday, and this [illegible] make Sunday [illegible] and sports day. Then as to work, there are many who build homes or work in their gardens all day Sunday. As to the stores, from candy stores to general stores, they are constantly open, not all by a good many, but some. I thought in respect of storekeepers wanting to trade on the Sabbath Red Deer had enough, but nothing like Nanaimo, and I do [illegible] I can say that Red Deer does not possess an editor who would so disgrace the pages of his paper or so soil his character [illegible] that such a display was [illegible] to insert said ad. for a [illegible] game.

No, Sir, I shall never start business in Nanaimo should I ever want to go into business again. Hoping you are well, with kind regards, wish you a happy and prosperous year.

Yours sincerely,
F. MOTT.

P.S.—We all prefer the mud climate here.

Listen!

Have you heard about Peps?

Peps is a new scientific preparation put up into tabloid or pastille form, which provides an entirely new and effective treatment for coughs, colds and lung and throat troubles.

There is no connection between the lungs and the stomach.

Suppose something were wrong with your stomach—say indigestion, or ulceration—would you think of taking some medicine which went—not to your stomach, but to your lungs? Certainly not!

Why then, when your lungs and chest are affected, should you dose your stomach—an absolutely separate organ—with medicine? Is it not far better to treat the ailing organ direct?

Peps provide a direct treatment for coughs, colds, bronchitis, and all lung, chest and throat troubles. Peps contain highly medicinal essences and pine extracts condensed into tablet form. You put a Pep on your tongue, and as it slowly dissolves, these volatile essences turn into vapor. You BREATHE the remedy to your sore ailing lungs direct [illegible] to your stomach [illegible] (See diagram.) [illegible] breathed down, bathe the [illegible] inflamed membranes of [illegible] tubes and pass right on [illegible] ages of the lungs—a [illegible] solid [illegible]

Peps fumes [illegible] septic. They [illegible] disease germs. [illegible] fumes to your lungs, instead [illegible] to the pine forest!

[illegible] stomach! [illegible] lungs. Peps go [illegible] direct and [illegible] you.

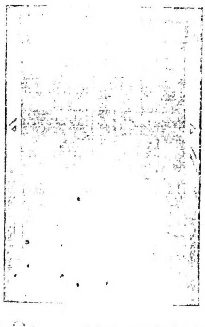
All druggists and stores [illegible] Write for [illegible] Co., Toronto, or 57 [illegible] cess St., Winnipeg, [illegible] cent stamp for [illegible] postage and [illegible] this advert [illegible]

IMPERIAL BANK of CANADA
HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO

Capital authorized	$10,000,000
Capital paid up	6,620,000
Reserve Fund	6,620,000
Total Assets over	77,000,000

This Bank with branches throughout the Dominion of Canada, and agents and correspondents throughout the world, offers excellent facilities for the transaction of every description of banking business.
Title Deeds, Mortgages, etc., held for safe keeping for customers without charge.
Savings Bank Department. Deposits of $1 and upwards received and interest allowed from date of deposit.
Red Deer Branch - J. G. Gillespie, Manager

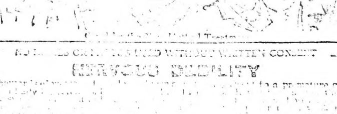
WE ARE THE same old reliable firm as ever.
Let us decorate the inside of your home. We always give you good value for your money.
A full Stock of Wall Papers
[illegible]
P. E. KENT & Co., NORTH RED DEER



P. BURNS & CO. LTD.
BUTCHERS and PACKERS
GAETZ AVENUE, SOUTH - RED DEER
Cash buyers of Live and Dressed Poultry; Butter and Eggs.

WE ARE VERY BUSY
But never too busy to do that little repair job you should have attended to before. COME & SEE.
BROKEN CASTINGS of all descriptions can be welded and made good as new by the new OXO-ACETYLENE process lately installed by us, and
Our Prices Won't Break You!
DAVIS
Gunsmith and Repair Man Gaetz Ave., S.

YOU PAY WHEN CURED
DRS. K. & K. TAKE ALL RISKS



NO NAMES OR [illegible] USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT
NERVOUS DEBILITY
[illegible] to a premature grave [illegible]
YOU WILL BE A WRECK
[illegible] of your hard [illegible]
[illegible] CONFIDENTIAL
READER: [illegible] Free of Charge. [illegible]
QUESTION [illegible] REQUEST
Drs. KENNEDY & KENNEDY
Cor. Michigan Ave. and Griswold St., Detroit, Mich.
NOTICE [illegible]
DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY, Windsor, Ont.
Write for our private [illegible]

TO THE FARMER

We find that it is necessary for us to have the proper data cf the Red Deer District, and to reachto gather statistics as to the quantity of the following goods grown in the Red Deer District, and to r the more authentic results we would ask you to help us do so. By filling out this slip and putting your name and address on it, and mailing it to us at your very earliest convenience it will help us along this line, and we will then have your name also on our mailing list that we may send you from time to time information which will help you very much.

A. H. McKEOWN, Publicity Commissioner,
Red Deer, Alberta.

How many did you raise in 1912?	How many did you market in 1912?
Hogs	Hogs ....
Sheep	Sheep ....
Milk Cows	Milk Cows ....
Calves, Yearlings, etc	Calves, Yearlings, etc ....
Horses	Horses ....
Chickens	Chickens ....
Ducks	Ducks ....
Geese	Geese ....
Turkeys	Turkeys ....
Acres of grain sown	Acres of grain sown ....
Bushels off said acres	Bushels off said acres ....
Bushels potatoes	Bushels potatoes ....
Bushels other vegetables	Bushels other vegetables ....
lbs. Butter	lbs. Butter ....
Dozen Eggs	Dozen Eggs ....
lbs. Milk or Cream	lbs. Milk or Cream ....

....

ANOTHER GOOD BARGAIN

A $30 MAHOGANY SETTEE, For - - $15.00

This is a very handsome piece of furniture suitable for any parlor or living-room.

Mahogany show wood frame, Merston design, 39 inches in length; has high back and arms; all of which is covered in very pretty stripped silk upholstering. This is a rare chance for some one to get a nice odd peice of furniture which is both useful and ornamental.

The Best Furniture Co. Ltd.

EVERYTHING FOR THE HOME

51 First St. South, RED DEER

Sleighs and Cutters

Lots of Them

Our Prices will suit you. Call and see them

Red Deer Implement Company

— Agents For —

International Machinery

Dairy Stock

S. W. PAISLEY will sell by auction at

Fair Grounds, Lacombe

50 Head Ayshire and Shorthorn Grade Heifers

due to calve March & April.

Saturday, Feb'y 15th

Commencing at 1.30 p. m.

TERMS CASH

Come if you wish some Bargains.

Local and General

Red Deer West is growing.

Public typewriting office—Room 1, News Block.

Red Deer West will grow this summer. Watch it.

All about the new spring styles. See Lord's ad. this week.

P. J. Nolan, K.C., of Calgary, died suddenly Monday night.

W. E. Trump and family arrived from California on Monday last.

Miss Mildred Craig, Guelph, Ont., is visiting her sister, Mrs. L. Hamley, Parkvale.

Capt. Scott and four brave companions have been found dead near the south pole.

If you want to be in the swim, better drive an Overland Car. W. P. Landon is the agent.

Hugh Baird, wife and family returned home to Red Deer on Thursday last after a couple of months' holiday in the United States.

Special for the week—12 granite, steel clad dairy pails. Regular $1.00, for the week 50c. Greatest value on the market.—J. C. Brazier.

A reduction in sleighs at John McVicar's Bookstore. Dolls and doll hoods from 5 cents up. A large stock of mouth organs on hand.

If you wish to sell your agreement of sale on improved Red Deer property, see J. Edward Welton, Room 1, News Block, just above the post office.

Fred Turnbull returned from a seven weeks' holiday in the east on Friday last. Fred is looking and feeling well, and we are glad to see him again.

Councillor Botterill and Commissioner A. T. Stephenson returned to Red Deer on Friday last, looking remarkably well after a pleasant holiday in California.

Rev. Brown, convener, Rev. Pearson and Rev. Bennett, Mrs. R. B. Woodsworth, Mrs. K. M. Byers and Mrs. F. H. Tallaman are the entertainment committee for the Sunday School convention in Red Deer, Feb. 26th and 27th.

A Red Deer West account makes saving easy, investment easy, and both profitable.

Dr. Gray returned on Friday last from a visit to his parents in Kingston and other points in Ontario. He reports having experienced wet and murky weather nearly all the time, and is glad to get back in Sunny Alberta.

Rev. Father Voisin will visit the part of his district west of the Medicine River from the 19th of February. He will be in Rocky Mountain on Sunday, the 16th, when he invites his people living in the place or in the adjoining district to meet him.

As will be seen from advertisements, the Rev. F. W. Patterson, of Edmonton, is to give his interesting lecture on Home Make and Home Beauty, in the Baptist Church, on Monday evening first. Mr. Patterson is one of the foremost preachers and lecturers in the province. There is no doubt but what a treat awaits those who hear him. As the price is within reach of all, there should be a large attendance. Messrs. Johns and Johnston are the singers.

BIRTH.

In Red Deer, on Thursday, Feb. 6th, to Mr. and Mrs. John H. Phillips, a daughter.

PENHOLD.

We seem to be free from sickness since our doctor left.

The U.F.A. shipped in a carload of coal last week.

A good time was spent on the fourth when the young people of this town gave a dance in the town hall, but owing to the cold night not so many turned out as was expected.

UNIVERSITY LECTURE COURSE

Instead of the lecture announced for Monday, Feb. 17th, in Red Deer, "Some Aspects of Modern Astronomy," by Dr. Tory, Dr. Lehmann's lecture, "Chemistry in Some of Its Relations with Daily Life," will be given. Dr. Tory will lecture on the date previously announced for Dr. Lehmann. Dr. Lehmann has had a wide experience in the various branches of chemistry and his lecture will be interesting and instructive, and will be illustrated by a number of suitable experiments.

BRITANNIA'S HEROES.

The Alexandra Club are to be congratulated on the success of their splendid performaces, "Britannia's Heroes," Monday and Tuesday evening, when the Empress Theatre was crowded with an interested throng of spectators to hear the play. Over sixty performers took part, and the different selections met with well deserved applause. Space forbids us making any lengthy report this week, but hope to give a more extended report of the performance next week.

PENHOLD U.F.A.

An entertainment will be held in McKenzie's Hall, Penhold, on Friday, February 21, under the auspices of the local union of the U. F. A. W. J. Tregillus, president of the U. F.A., and E. J. Fream, vice-president of the G. G. G. Co., will be among the speakers, so good speeches may be expected. A short programme will also be given. Admittance, gentlemen 50c, ladies free; ladies please bring baskets. Commence at 8 p.m. Everybody welcome. A. Speakman, Secretary.

Get a home-site in Red Deer West.

Overland

Let this name appear on your 1913 car and you will have a guarantee of satisfaction. Sixty.four cars sold in Calgary city last season. This goes to show that they are a popular car. I mention a few of the purchasers: City School Board, 2 cars; City Parks Board, 1 car; City Public Works Dept., 1 car; City Street Railway Dept., 1 car; Geo. Nendrick, manager Scotland Wool Mills; E. M. Foster, of the Foster Shoe Co.; C. Elliott, Provincial Telephones; John Breckanridge, Railway Contractor; B. Gordon Savage of Plunket and Savage; A. B. Cushing, manager of A. B. Cushing Lumber Co.; E. L. Richardson, manager of the Calgary Industrial Exhibition. Space will not permit to mention the others. I would also refer you to owners in our own town. These men cannot say too much in favor of these cars. The 1913 models are in keeping with the times and right up to the minute. Get a catalogue. Better see the car, better still let us give you a demonstration. I have the latest model in my warehouse. No trouble to show you the good points, even if you don't buy. Get busy if you want prompt delivery.—W. P. Landon, agent.

C. O. F. Installation

Lodge Red Deer of the Canadian Order of Foresters held an open installation of officers for the year, on Friday night last. There was a fair number of members present at the opening, which was considerably increased later on. There was a number of visiting members from kindred lodges of the C.O.F., also representatives from other Benefit Societies present. Organizer Jewel took the chair as Installing Officer, with Bro. Evan Roberts as High Marshall. The ceremony was very instructive and put on very ably and quickly. At the conclusion of the installation ceremony, the new Chief Ranger, A. Forrester, took charge of the meeting. First of all he thanked the lodge for the honor they had shown him in placing him in the chair, and he would strive to fulfil his duties to the best of his ability. He lost no time in calling upon his subordinate officers to express their views, which was done without a single exception. Music, songs, speeches and refreshments were then the order of the evening. Bro. A. G. Ayres, the financial secretary, outlined the work of the lodge in Red Deer in a very lucid manner, this being his sixth re-election to the office of secretary. Bro. Jewell, organizer of the Order, gave a telling address on the position of the society as a whole, instancing the fact that they had $60,000 in municipal bonds in the town of Red Deer.

W. H. Hadley, President, and Jesse Halstead, of the Sons of England, made brief speeches at the invitation of the Chief Ranger, as also did Bro. J. Malcolm, who was in a humorous vein, and Bro. Werner.

The following contributed to the programme:

Piano Solo—H. P. Brooks.
Song—Ed. Clarke.
Song—W. H. Hadley.
Recitation—Fred Anquetil.
Song—C. Greenham.
Song—W. H. Hadley.
Recitation—Ed. Clarke.
Violin Solo—Edwin Brooks.
Accompanist for programme—H. P. Brooks.

FOR RENT.

Comfortable, six-roomed house for rent, close to post office; very moderate rent. Furniture for same also on private sale. Investigate afternoons, 120, 3rd Street South.

Feb. 12.

HOUSE TO RENT.

5-roomed house to rent, North Red Deer, near the saw mill. Apply to C. HUGUES, opposite brewery, P. O. Box 356. Feb. 12

ESTRAY.

Red Deer, Alta., Jan. 30th, 1913.

Strayed onto the premises of W. Pearson, S.W. 4-38-26, W. 4th, one read steer, 3 years old, has horns turned up, small white spot on each hind foot. No brand.—C. N. Guynup, Brand Reader, R. R. No. 2.

Feb. 12, 3w1.

NOTICE

Tenders will be received for the drawing of 36 yards gravel, also 4 yards sand. All to be delivered at Balmoral School. Tenders to be in by the 18th day of February.

S. D. McCONNELL, Sec.
Feb. 12, 1w. Box 373, Red Deer.

ESTRAY.

Red Deer, Jan. 30th, 1913.

Strayed onto the premises of W. J. Reay, S.E. Qr. 28-37-26, W. 4th, one read and white steer, two years old, branded EY with bar on top on left hip.—C. N. Guynup, Brand Reader, Red Deer R.R. No. 2.

Feb. 12, 3w1.

POPULAR

Lecture

- BY -

F. W. PATTERSON
EDMONTON

Subjt:-"Home Making and Home Breaking"

Baptist Church

Mon., Feb. 17, 1913

Tickets,---25 cents

Notice To Farmers

I am going to Vancouver about the 20th inst. Any person here desiring to exchange farm lands or town property for Vancouver City property. Fruit lands or Poultry farm, near Vancouver, I will be pleased to take their listings and give them the benefit of my best judgement. Leave your listings at

P. Pidgeon's Office

Gaetz Ave.

C. CRUICKSHANK

CAFE AURORA

GAETZ AVE., S.

ARE YOU A CONNAISSEUR?

If you are read thefollowing

MENU

Celery Olives
Potage, Celery au Lait d'amandes
Salmon, Baltimore
Potatoes Windsor
Chicken Braise, Ecossaise
Peas with Lettuce
Noisettes of Beef, Foyot
Roast Turkey, Cranberry Sauce
Lettuce Salad
Cranberry Pie
Cafe Noir

The Best by Test

We Lead, Follow Who Can

CAFE AURORA

The new hats for Easter—what are they going to be like? See Lord's ad. this week.

Are you going to drive one of the forty thousand cars the Overland Co. are building this year? If so, you will have to get busy and get your order in.

J. Edward Welton is the local agent for the old reliable London & Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, Limited. Nothing better. Call at Room 1, News Block, just over the post office.

Before you buy your new suit, read Lord's ad. about the correct styles for spring.

Electric Light For North Red Deer

A public meeting of the ratepayers of the Village of North Red Deer will be held in the School, North Red Deer, to-night, February 12th, commencing at 8 o'clock p.m., to discuss the question of electric light for North Red Deer. It is urgently requested that every ratepayer be present. N.B.— Mr. Maxwell, the provincial electrician, will address the meeting.

J. EDWARD WELTON,
Secretary-Treasurer.

PIN YOUR FAITH TO US

In whatever transaction you may have with us. We try to merit the good will of every one who honors us with his business and are always ready to make good anything that may prove other than as represented.

We have a well equipped tin shop, where we can accept orders for anything not found in stock in our store. The work will be well done and the charges only reasonable.

The Day Hardware Co.

RED DEER, Alta.

WE STAND FOR PROGRESS

A SURE WAY

There is a sure way to provide against a rainy day. It is simple, safe, and sure.

Save part of your income regularly and deposit it in a Red Deer West Account where it will be busy earning profits for you.

Open an account today. **$10** down and **$5** per month—**17c** a day is all you pay.

The Smith Land Co.

30 Ross Street, RED DEER

The Quality Drug Store

The Gaetz Cornett Drug & Book Co., Ltd.

The Rexall Drug Store

The Rexall Drug Store

This is the Place to buy your

Toilet Soaps

We will surely have what you wish and the prices are right. The following are a few of what we sell

Rexall Glycerine Rose, 2 cks.	25c
Rexall Glycerine Violet, 2 "	25c
Baby's Own Soap 3 cakes	35c
Infants Delight Soap 3 "	35c
Vinolia Royal Soap 3 "	35c
Valley Violet Soap 3 "	35c
Jergens Blush Rose 3 "	35c
Witch Hazel Soap 3 "	25c
Violet de Parme 3 cakes	35c
Palm a Celive Soap 3 "	35c
Palmolive Soap U.S. 3 cakes	50c
Oowana Soap, a box,	25, 50, 75c
4711 Soap, a box - - - - -	65c
Parkers Tar Toap, a cake	25c

Canadian Castele, 2 lb. box	25c
Virgin Brand Castele, 6 cks.	25c
Glycerine and Rose Water, Oatmeal and Cream, Cucumber and Lemon Juice, special, 12 Cakes - - - - -	35c
Fairy Soap, 4 cakes - - -	25c
Pumice Hand Soap, 4 for -	25c
Glycerine and Tar, 4 for - -	25c
Mechanics Tar, 3 for - - -	25c
Ivory Soap, 3 for - - -	25c
Carbolic Soap, 3 for - - -	25c
Zam-buk Soap, a cake - -	25c
Resinol Soap, a cake - - -	30c
Cuticura Soap, a box - -	$1.00
Wool Soap, Bon Ami and many others.	